EASY TO SELL
A LIFE, MARINE OR FIRE POLICY
of
UNION LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
DADY HOUSE, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
WRITE TODAY FOR AGENCY TERMS AND CONDITIONS. BRIGHT SCOPE FOR INFLUENTIAL PARTIES IN BOMBAY

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXV NO. 224 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

Surajmal's
for QUALITY DIAMONDS
359, KALBADEVI ROAD BOMBAY. Tel. 22236

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

MAHATMA TO TOUR PAKISTAN PROVINCES

Appeal To Delhi To Help Early Departure

Decision To Travel Without Protection: Announcement At Prayer Meeting

NEW DELHI, September 23. (A. P. I.): Addressing the prayer gathering this evening, Mahatma Gandhi said that he would go to Lahore and all other places in Pakistan as soon as he was allowed to leave Delhi.

He was busy now with his mission here and it was upto the people here to make it possible for him to go. Mahatma Gandhi said that he would go to Pakistan without any protection. He was in God's protection.

WARNING TO PEOPLE

He added that if he was to face death he would do that with a happy smile. He might be stopped by the authorities to go without protection but after all what was there if death had to come, he asked. But he would warn the people that if in his mission he was to die they should restrain their wraths.

That he would go to Lahore, Frontier and if necessary to Sind and all other places in Pakistan was Mahatma Gandhi's reply to a man from the Frontier who at the end of the prayers asked him (Mahatma Gandhi) if he would agree to see the situation in that province.

Mahatma Gandhi seemed irritated at the question as he had himself stated in the course of his address just then that he would not lose even a moment to go to West Punjab if things had settled in Delhi.

He told the questioner that he never forgot Frontier which was uppermost in his mind. All that he wanted was their help in making it possible for him to leave Delhi and within the shortest time.

DUTY OF DOMINION GOVTS.

Mahatma Gandhi continuing said that he had no doubt that the Pakistan authorities would ensure full protection to the remaining Hindus and Sikhs in every part of Pakistan. It was the duty of the two Governments to give such protection to their minorities. He was told that there were still over 18,000 Hindus and Sikhs in Rawalpindi and 30,000 in Wah camp. He would repeat his advice that they should all be prepared to die to a man rather than leave their homes.

The art of dying bravely and with honour did not need any special training, saving a living faith in God. Then there would be no abduction and no forcible conversion. He knew they were anxious that he should go to the Punjab at the earliest moment. He wanted to do so. But if he failed in Delhi, it was impossible for him to succeed in Pakistan. For he wanted to go to all the parts and provinces of Pakistan under the protection of no escort save God.

FRIEND OF MUSLIMS

He would go as a friend of the Muslims as of others. His life would be at their disposal. He hoped he would cheerfully die at the hands of anyone who chose to take his life. Then he would have done as he advised all to do.

REFUGEES' DEMAND FOR HOUSES

Concluding Mahatma Gandhi said that the refugees had asked him for houses. He told them that there was the land and the canopy of the sky above their heads. They should be content with such accommodation rather than inhabit houses forcibly vacated by Muslims. If they would all work, they could, within a day, put up necessary shelters. What was more, they could then assuage the anger of the refugees and bring about an atmosphere that would enable him to go to the Punjab at once.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

Previous Closing	31.58
Today's Opening	31.63
Difference	+05
Today's Closing	31.25
Difference	—33

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Sept. 23
Stock Exchange Opening Prices.
Anaconda Copper Mining 34-3/4
General Motors 58-3/4
United States Steel Common 71
United States Steel Preference 144-1/2

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	465	4
Cotton Jarila March	471	4
Silver Bullion	167	3
Gold Forward	110	0
Sovereign	73	4

DOMINION LEGISLATURE

Central Assembly Standing Orders and Rules Being Adopted

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23, (A.P.I.): The Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly of India has issued the following press "communique":—

In order to avoid any possible confusion in connection with the next meeting of the Constituent Assembly to transact ordinary legislative business, the President of the Constituent Assembly has decided that, in notices etc., references to the Assembly should be to the "Constituent Assembly of India (Legislative), and not to the Legislative Assembly, as stated in an earlier "communique". Such notices etc., should be addressed to the Secretary, Constituent Assembly of India (Legislative), Council House, New Delhi.

The "United Press of India" adds:—

The rules and Standing Orders of the now defunct Indian Central Legislative Assembly are, it is learnt, being adapted under orders of Dr. Rajendra Prasad to meet the requirements of the new Dominion Legislature which will function with only one Legislative chamber.

It is further learnt that until the Dominion Legislature Speaker is elected, Dr. Prasad will discharge the functions of the Speaker in such matters as admission of questions, motions, bills that may be given notice of by the members of the Constituent Assembly for discussions in the ensuing November session.

Typhoon Heads For China Sea

TOKYO, Sept. 23 (U.P.A.): A new typhoon nicknamed "Mildred" swept towards north central Philippines with the first effects already felt in Luzon.

The typhoon was expected to head into the China Sea at dawn on Wednesday.

Experts said it was too early to predict where it would strike the China coast.

The final casualty figures in last week's floods in Japan as a result of the typhoon "Kathleen" were placed at 999 killed, 1,616 seriously injured and 984 missing throughout the Kanto and Tohoku districts. Health authorities strove to prevent the outbreak of disease following the floods which now threaten to keep 400 square miles of area in the Tokyo district under water for at least another month.

Police Hunt For Gun-Runners

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The quiet jungles of Jogeshwari were the scene of a commotion this afternoon, when a police party chased for miles a gang of alleged gun-runners who were taking shelter in a hut and overpowered one of them. A revolver was recovered from the hut.

Deputy Commissioner Nagarwala of the Bombay C.I.D. received information that a gang at Jogeshwari was selling fire arms in Bombay. Deputy Inspector Rane accompanied by a strong party of police went to Jogeshwari and learnt on enquiries that they were staying in a hut. The police party accordingly proceeded towards the hut but the gang, scenting the arrival of police, fled. The police gave a hot chase and arrested a member of the gang. Police searched the hut and found a revolver.

DUTCH PLANS FOR INDONESIA

Central Organisation To Be Formed: Change In Constitution

THE HAGUE, Sept. 23 (Reuter). Dr. Louis Beel, the Dutch Prime Minister, told the Second Chamber of the Dutch Parliament here, today, that the Government planned to form a central organization in Indonesia "in the near future" which could develop into an interim federal Government.

The Premier who was outlining Dutch proposals to deal with the Indonesian situation at its present stage, added that his Government also planned a limited revision of the Dutch constitution to prepare for a new political structure of the Dutch Realm in the shortest possible time.

SPECIAL BODY

The Dutch Government intended to instal a special body to share responsibility with the Lieut.-Governor-General of the Netherlands East Indies, Dr. H. J. Van Mook and lighten his heavy task, Dr. Beel said.

It was also planned to abolish the Dutch Commission Generals which negotiated with the Indonesians the Linggadjati Agreement.

The Dutch Premier said that responsibility for security in the areas Indonesia now under Dutch control would be given to a mixed police force —mainly Indonesian—which was already being formed.

Dr. Beel said the Dutch Government faced the result of the coming report by foreign Consuls in Batavia, capital of Java, and the survey by the United Nations Security Council's three-nation commission "with confidence."

He promised the Dutch Government's full co-operation and said they were actuated by a desire to arrive at a genuine solution.

LEADERS TALK

It was thought in Batavia today that Singapore might be the scene of the forthcoming talks between Dutch and Indonesian Republican leaders which will be conducted by the Security Council's Commission of three nations Australia, Belgium and the United States.

The Dutch authorities, however, assumed the talks would be held in Batavia.

Rusi Modi Indisposed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Rusi Modi, Indian Test cricketer and one of the seventeen originally selected to make the trip to Australia is still undecided about his trip. He is suffering from a sluggish liver which is being treated at the moment. His stamina, and particularly his concentration, is affected by a vague dullness which does not keep him physically fit. It is reported, however, that this ailment may disappear altogether with a slight changes in habit and diet.

Vishinsky Accuses America

Attempt To Break International Agreements

FLUSHING, Sept. 23 (U.P.A.):- Russia accused the United States to-day of wilfully seeking to break post-war international agreements.

KOREAN ISSUE

Vishinsky's attack on the United States was made in a fight to remove from the Assembly's agenda the American proposal to consider the Korean stalemate and the Argentine proposal —supported by the United States—to soften the week-old Italian peace treaty.

Vishinsky charged that United Nations consideration of the Korean deadlock would be a violation of the United States-U.S.S.R. agreement to settle that problem jointly.

But his most bitter accusations concerned the United States-Argentine attempt to revise the Italian treaty. Vishinsky insisted that "the United States has no understanding of the obligations involved in its post-war agreements. This attempt shows the United States lack of desire or ability to respect its international agreements."

He denounced the Argentine-sponsored Italian treaty proposal even more caustically. "Where were the friends of Italy in Argentina who now seek to revise the treaty when the Soviet Union and other nations were liberating the people of Italy from the yoke of Fascism?" Vishinsky said that it would be "absurd, illogical and shake the very foundation of international treaties," to seek any change now.

REVISIONIST MOTION ILLEGAL

Vishinsky said, "Despite the obvious lack of legality of revision why was the proposal submitted. It can be explained only by the fact that certain governments are attempting to use political pressure on other governments to achieve their ends." He quoted several articles of the Charter in an attempt to prove the revisionist motion illegal and not within the jurisdiction of the Assembly.

Vishinsky also asked the Assembly to reject inclusion in the agenda of Marshall's proposal on the independence of Korea. Terming Marshall's accusations against Russia tendentious and placing responsibility for the impasse at Seoul at the door of

(Continued on Page 5.)

ARAB VIEWPOINT OVER-RULED

Palestine Report Referred To Special Committee

FLUSHING, Sept. 23. (U.P.A.): The General Assembly, over-riding Arab opposition, voted to establish a Special Committee to study the Palestine report ignoring warnings that the problem could threaten world peace.

The general debate in the Assembly was closed by Trygve Lie's address. Then Assembly President Aranha announced that the General Committee had proposed the establishment of Palestine and United Nations headquarters committees.

IRAQ'S OBJECTION

Iraq delegate Jamali immediately objected to placing the Palestine issue in the hands of a Special Committee and demanded instead that it be referred to the Political Committee.

He said, "It is a highly political matter and should be dealt with on a high political level—in the Political Committee. It is a matter capable of disturbing the peace in the Middle East and, therefore, the peace of the entire world for which added reason it should go to the Political Committee".

However, Jamali expressed the hope that the Arab countries of the United Nations will be able to achieve a just solution.

Lebanon's Malik also opposed the establishment of the Special Palestine Committee, but when Aranha called for a vote the plan—proposed by Marshall—received 29 votes. Eleven voted against and there were six abstentions.

U. N. O. COMMITTEE PLAN WILL LEAD TO ARAB REVOLT

LONDON, Sept. 23. (Reuter): Maj.-Gen. Sir Edward Louis Spears, who was the first British Minister to be the Republics of Syria and the Lebanon from 1942 to 1944 described as "a bitter mockery" the plea for Britain to impose the United Nations Committee's partition plan for Palestine in a letter to the London "Times".

"To all Arabs, the proposals of the United Nations Committee are far more unjust than the recommendations of the Peel Commission or any other of the innumerable bodies that have produced reports on Palestine", Maj.-Gen. Spears wrote.

"If an attempt to impose these proposals is made, the Arabs of Palestine will revolt and will be supported by Arab State".

(SEE PAGE 5)

No Mass Evacuation Of Minorities

Congress Working Committee Reviews Riot Situation

MOVE FOR INTER-DOMINION CONSULTATIONS WELCOMED

NEW DELHI, September 23. (U.P.I.) The Congress Working Committee met this afternoon at Birla House. Communal riots in different parts of northern India and the problem of evacuation are understood to have been given the priority at the Committee's deliberations today.

KRIPALANI'S REPORT

In this connection the Committee is reported to have listened with keen interest the account given by Acharya Kripalani of his talks with Mr. Jinnah in Karachi. It is learnt that the Committee's quest for a practical and rational solution of these difficult problems helped to a large extent by Acharya Kripalani's report.

Although the recent deplorable developments have given rise to major administrative problems for the two Dominions, namely, the maintenance of law and order, evacuation of minorities and relief and rehabilitation of evacuees, it is gathered that the Congress Executive felt it necessary to lay down certain broad principles for guidance of the Indian Dominion Government.

EVACUATION OF MINORITIES

With regard to evacuation of minorities on a mass scale it is learnt that the consensus of opinion in the Committee was that unless it is checked in time it would involve the transfer of nearly seventy million people from one area to another, the cost of which would rise to astronomical figures. In this connection the Committee is reported to have taken a note of the fact that in 1920 the exchange of about one million between Turkey and Greece carried out under peaceful condition with Governmental co-operation under the aegis of the neutral authority like the League of Nations took one year and the cost of each Government was ten million pounds. The Committee was of the opinion that the result of such an attempt would be to ruin all constructive activity such as production of food and clothing.

INTER-DOMINION CONSULTATIONS

The Committee is further reported to have welcomed the decision recently arrived at about the holding of inter-Dominion consultations at the Ministerial level in future. A suggestion recently put out in the press about the declaration of the State policy with a view to restoring the confidence of minorities and re-establishing law and order is also understood to have engaged the Committee's attention. Broad outlines, such as the State policy in the opinion of the Committee, as far as could be ascertained, should be: Every citizen of the State is an Indian and the State will offer equal protection to all and in return will expect from all of them unqualified allegiance and loyalty. Any infringement will be treated as crime.

Discussions were not concluded today.

The A.P.I. adds: The Congress Working Committee met at 3 this afternoon in Mahatma Gandhi's room at Birla House. The following were present:—Acharya Kripalani, Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Dr. P. C. Ghose, East Bengal Premier, Shrimati Kamladevi Chattopadhyaya, Dr. Choitram Gidwani, Mr. Shankerrao Dev, and Acharya Jugal Kishore.

GENERAL DIRECTIVE TO PEOPLE

Rehabilitation of vast numbers of refugees, evacuation of the minorities from West Punjab and elsewhere and the maintenance of peace in the rest of the country are the three big problems which face the Government and the people, and in this stupendous task the Congress organisation will be called upon to throw in its weight. It is not known whether the Working Committee will pass any resolution on the situation, but it is presumed a general directive to the people as a whole, and to Congressmen in particular, will be given.

COLVILLE ARRIVES IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sept. 23 (A. P. I.): Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, returned to Bombay this morning from England by air. He was received at the airport by Sir Homi Mody, who acted during Sir John's absence on leave, and Major H. St. P. J. Bennet, Military Secretary to the Governor.

Snake At Mahatma's Prayer

SNAKE AT MAHATMA'S PRAYER

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): The sudden appearance of a snake in the women's enclosure of the prayer gathering caused some flutter for a while. The snake wriggled through the thick of the gathering and escaped.

Mahatma Gandhi who was speaking at the time stopped for a while and continued his speech asking "Have you finished with it now?"

Soviet Threat To Iran?

Troop Movements On Frontier; U. S. Warship In Persian Gulf

TEHERAN, Sept. 23, (U.P.A.): The anti-Government, anti-Russian morning newspaper, "Atesh", reported today largely from "refugee" sources that Soviet troops were manoeuvering near the frontiers of Iran and there were heavy concentrations of Soviet material within the Soviet territory opposite the Iranian town of Astara.

The same publication also reported reinforcements of Iranian troops had been sent to Bazorgan on the Iran-Turkish frontier.

U.S. WARSHIPS IN PERSIAN GULF

The organ of the Independent Party, "Azad", meanwhile, stated that it had learned "reliably" that three United States warships had arrived in the Persian Gulf from the Indian Ocean "to protect Iran's interests in the event of any untoward incidents from the north".

The United States Ambassador to Teheran told the United Press of America, however, that he had no knowledge of any recent American naval activity in the Persian Gulf.

RECORD-BREAKING RAINFALL IN CITY

Heavy Showers To Continue Storm Signal Given

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Intermittent rain with occasional heavy showers accompanied by squalls will be experienced in Bombay on Wednesday, weather experts forecast late on Tuesday night.

Ten inches and 45 cents of rain, recorded in 24 hours ending 8 a.m. here today broke all rainfall records since 1950.

On September 10 1930 the phenomenal rainfall of 20.6 inches was recorded during 24 hours.

Another 4.20 inches of rain was registered between 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. today. The total rainfall since June 1 has reached 68 inches, which is nearly 1.5 inches above normal. The deficiency of rainfall during the season has thus been more than made up.

STORM SIGNAL

Rain fell in torrents throughout the day in the city and flooded most parts of it dislocating traffic in various places. A storm signal indicating danger, to ships and country craft, was hoisted on the signal station of the Bombay Port Trust, and ferry services were suspended this morning.

Baroda Naib Diwan For Popular Ministry?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, September 23.

It is reliably learnt that to avoid conflict between the State and the people of Baroda, Naib Dewan, Chhotabhai Sutaria and Pranlal Munshi have sent a letter to the Maharaja at London and have requested him to form a popular Ministry.

Sir Ranganathan is tipped as Dewan in Baroda.

Bombay Assembly:

True Democracy Is Ultimate Object Of Government

Morarji Desai On Fundamentals Of Village Panchayat Bill

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Sept. 23.

The ideal of a Government democratic from top to bottom was presented as the ultimate object of the Government by Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, speaking in support of the Village Panchayat Bill in the Bombay Legislative Assembly to-day.

He said that the Bill had been brought forward for enriching village life and establishing a system of democratic administration as the very basis of society. The Bill was only a modest beginning and as soon as Government found that the Panchayats were functioning properly, efficiently and smoothly and the people had benefitted by the powers proposed to be vested in the panchayats Government would be prepared to take further steps.

ART OF GOVERNMENT

"The art of Government is an art which can be mastered only in the process of government and not by merely theoretical training. If the large masses of the country are to be educated and trained in the science of Democracy they must be given practical training and there can be no practical training without responsibility being squarely placed in the hands of those who were to receive th practical training".

Thirty-four persons have so far spoken on the first reading of the Bill which will affect the destinies of twelve million of the rural population spread over twenty-two thousand villages in the Province. The debate which has now gone on for three days will be continued tomorrow also as there are a number of members who still desire to speak on the Bill.

TRENDS OF DECENTRALISATION

MR. B. G. Chaudhari who opened the debate today said that the Bill was in keeping with the current trend towards decentralisation. It was exiomatic that self-rule was better than good rule because self-rule was conducive to the full development of human personality. Fear of possible corruption should not be made an excuse to withhold self-rule to the villager.

Mr. V. V. Patil complimented Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, a lover of village life, for bringing forward a measure of this kind. He deplored the criticism of the bill emanating from the Muslim League. In his view after August 15 they should have changed their conception of their duties and functions. "The League has no reason to exist", he said categorically.

MISUSE OF POWER

Striking a critical note Mr. A. S. Gandhi said that along with decentralisation of administration there should be decentralisation of production and property. He also pleaded for reservation of seats for the minority communities on the panchayats. He warned against the panchayats being used as a political weapon against the minority community.

MORARJI'S INTERVENTION

Mr. Morarji Desai intervening in the debate stated that Government had brought this Bill in order to remove some of the difficulties in the way of the evolution of the Village Panchayat System in the right direction. "We all believe that the proper system of Government for this country is the democratic form of Government. We believe that the village panchayat alone can be the foundation of Democracy. If the large masses of this country are to be properly educated and trained in the Science of Democracy they have got to be given Practical training in democracy and there cannot be any practical or sound training without proper responsibilities being put on the people who are to be trained".

A highly centralised form of Government, the Minister continued, even if very efficient could not remain efficient for long and was bound to grow tyrannical in the end. It would also make the people dependent. If the people were to be made strong and self-reliant. Government had to be decentralised consistently with good administration.

NO BETTER WAY THAN.

There was no better way of decentralising Government than by investing the Villages with as much power as could properly be wielded by them.

He further pointed out that the institution of village panchayats was not foreign to this country. It was a system rooted in the hoary past. Some remnants of it were still there although two hundred years of alien rule had deliberately and intentionally disrupted it. Although some evils had crept into village life the heart of the people was still sound. The Bill was intended to educate the people. Of course it was possible that some bad elements in the villages might take possession of the panchayats, abuse their powers and oppress the people. To guard against such an eventuality Government had taken power to suspend the panchayats. In this way the people would be taught to exercise their franchise wisely and elect the best people to represent them. He envisaged an extension of the Panchayat System to the talukas and districts so that ultimately the Government derived its power from the villages and the villages would be able to control the Government and make it impossible for any autocratic administration to remain in power.

Mr. B. M. Gupte stated that each village panchayat should become a unit of Government. He scouted the suggestion that the panchayats would misuse the powers vested in them. The experiment was worth making and this Bill, he thought, was only the first step in a far flung and progressive evolution of village life.

STOP PRESS

VIJAYALAKSHMI-ZAFRULLAH TALKS

PLUSHING MEADOWS (New York) Sept. 23 (Reuter): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit and Sir Zafrullah Khan, Head of the Pakistan Delegation to the United Nations, conferred for half an hour to-day. The talks, it was stated later, were of an "amiable nature."

MANAVADAR STATE ACCEDES TO PAKISTAN

KARACHI, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): Manavadar State in Kathiawar has acceded to the Dominion of Pakistan on formally signing the Instrument of Accession, says a Press 'communique' issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Government of Pakistan today.

PETKOV HANGED

SOFIA (Bulgaria), September 23. (Reuter): Nikola Petkov, leader of Bulgaria's recently suppressed Opposition Party, the Agrarian Union, who was sentenced to death on a charge of treason last month, was hanged in the Central Prison, Sofia, this morning, it was officially announced today.

Built to last and costs you less!

Examine it . . . . . write with it! What a NIB! Durable as diamond —yet smooth as velvet—because the nib is 14 carat solid gold and is tipped with life-time OSMI IRIDIUM. Mentmore is available in stud, lever and drop, filling types.

PRICE Rs 15!

MADE IN ENGLAND

MENTMORE

Auto-Flow

Trade enquiries to Sole Concessionaires:
MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) LTD.,
Queens Mansions, Bastion Road, Bombay.

For your Office & Home use

ADHESIVE PASTE
TYPIST BRAND LIQUID GUM
KING PERFUMERY WORKS
13, KHETRA DAS LANE, CALCUTTA

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

(THE SCINDIA LINE)

BOMBAY—GWALIOR—DELHI—

Tues., Thurs. Sat.		Wed. Fri. Sun.
06-45	Dep. BOMBAY Arr.	12-30
12-30	Arr. DELHI Dep.	06-45

FREIGHT SPACE AVAILABLE

SCINDIA STEAM NAV. CO., LTD.

Phones: 21919: 25744: 86236
Telegrams: "AIRTAXIES".

HEPACIMA

LIVER AND IRON TONIC
REVITALISES
Through New Blood formation

Useful in all forms of anæmia. Rapidly restores health and strength after Malaria, Influenza, Pneumonia etc.

Contains
CONCENTRATED LIVER EXTRACT
FERROUS IRON
VITAMIN B,
NICOTINIC ACID
COPPER
MANGANESE

Original Bottles of 4 oz.

At ALL GOOD CHEMISTS.

BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA · BOMBAY

Agents:—
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY,
Devkaran Mansion,
Princess Street, Bombay, 2.

Joe Louis To Rescue Heavyweight Boxing From Doldrums

Will Risk His Title Against Joe Walcott Early In December

NEW YORK, SEPT 23 (REUTER): SPORTS COMMENTATOR IN NEW YORK, WRITES REUTER'S PECT OF THE BOXING SEASON REMAINING EMPTY AND WITH-OUT THE IMPETUS WHICH A WOR LD HEAVY WEIGHT CHAMPION-SHIP BOUT WOULD GIVE IT, THE MEN BEHIND THE 20TH CEN-TURY SPORTING CLUB HAVE AT LAST PERSUADED THE CHAM-PION TO ACCEPT A CHALLENGER FOR HIS TITLE.

JOE LOUIS IS COMING BACK TO DRUMS, YORK. FACED WITH THE PROS-

Joe has never been averse to giving anyone, who thinks he has it in him, the opportunity of swapping punches for the crown, but, being the businessman he is, he has not hither to seen the sense in risking his reputation against an opponent the crowd does not wish to see smashed to pulp in a few seconds. Now, apparently, he has been persuaded to think otherwise.

Another negro, Jersey Joe Walcott, has been chosen as a fit and responsible person for the fight and at 10 P.M. (New York time) on December 5, according to present plans Jersey Joe will strip off his dressing gown and shuffle over to meet the "Brown Bomber" in the ring at Madison Square Garden.

The majority will be prepared to bet that, within three minutes, seconds will be driping that dressing gown back into Walcott's bruised figure.

This will be the first defence of his title since he knocked out Tami Mauriello in the first round in September 1946.

Promoters have been searching the highways and byways for another contender, but the few likely men have been so busy defeating one another that Louis eventually gave up in disgust, decided that he would not give any of them the chance, and went off to play golf until next summer.

NO PAYING PROPOSITION

In the meantime Louis had agreed, as a gesture to promoter Mike Jacobs, to don the gloves on November 14 and meet Walcott in what was termed a non-title bout. Every boxing critic in the country was immediately against the fight being dubbed "non-title" and Joe Louis himself agreed that if by any chance he were knocked out he would no longer be entitled to call himself the title-holder.

Apart from that, the futility of the proposed bout had received hearty condemnation. Walcott has not been capable of proving himself above the common herd of heavy-weights, and almost everybody (except himself) considered him as a lamb (albeit a rather hefty one) being led to the slaughter.

It was certain as the day is long that the fight would not command the overall support which it must have to make it a paying proposition for Louis and his promoter.

The heason has been advanced that the nature of the fight has been changed from "non-title" to an official championship bout because most ring authorities had agreed that if Walcott had beaten Louis in a ten rounds' encounter, he would in any event have been acclaimed champion.

If the real facts were known, it would probably be found that the Madison Square garden authorities had properly gauged public reaction to a mere exhibition scramble and had employed the magic "championship" label to attract more customers and justify the higher prices which will now be charged for the doubtful privilege of seeing it.

JOE MAY REGRET!

To call the fight a championship does not make Walcott any more formidable a challenger. Did not Louis himself say only a couple of months ago on the question of possible contenders, including Walcott: "the public would not pay ten cents to see me fight one of them"?

Joe may yet regret those words.

The suggestion to change the fight from ten rounds non-title to fifteen rounds, the official champion distance, is reported to have come from the New York athletic commissioner Eddie Eagen. It was then found necessary to change the date from November to December to give Louis a few weeks more time to train.

Walcott claims to be a couple of months younger than Louis, who is 32. His age is not given in the boxing record books, which merely lists him as having been a professional boxer since 1936. He usually weighs about 11 pounds, and has never been in a fight lasting for more than ten rounds.

Deficit Budget For Madras

Gloomy Picture For Next Two Years

MADRAS, Sept. 22, (API): A deficit of five to six crores of rupees in the Government's budget for next year was foresnadowed by Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, speaking in the Madras Legislative Council (Upper House) this evening on the Supplementary demands for expenditure during 1947-48.

"The financial position of the Government" he said, "is not at all bright and I am afraid for the next two years we will be in the same plight.

The Minister attributed the deficit chiefly to the extension of prohibition to eight more districts this year and payment of enhanced salaries to non-gazetted staff. He said Government would carry on a vigorous economy campaign and at the same time tap all sources of revenue to meet their deficit. He however, assured the House that they would not increase the tax on agriculturists who he said were already overburdened.

The Minister indicated that the Government would enhance the rate of General Sales tax, the Betting Tax and Entertainment Tax to meet the deficit.

Mr. Gopal Reddi added that the Government would give priority in the matter of expenditure for meeting food shortage as well as strengthening the constabulary and security measures generally as these formed the fundamental necessities of the people.

ANDHRA-ORISSA CONTROVERSY

Ranga Deplores Mehtab's Statement As One-Sided

ANANTAPUR, Sept. 21, (A. P. I.): "I regret very much that my friend Shree Harekrishna Mehtab, Prime Minister of Orissa, should have thought it fit to issue such a one-sided warning to Andhras in Orissa" says Prof. N. G. Ranga, President, Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, in a rejoinder to the Orissa Premier's statement on the alleged inflammatory speeches reported to have been made by Telugu spakers on the Orissa-Madras boundary question.

Prof. Ranga adds: It is rather surprising that he should be giving such a warning to Andhras alone instead of administering it to Oriya people and officials in the first instance. He should have known that such a one-sided warning would only further encourage his officials, many of whom are prejudiced against the Andhras to indulge in much more discrimination and repression against Andhras. I once more appeal to him in the name of fraternal relations between Andhras and Oriyas, who ought to learn to live as brothers to make his appeal and warning apply to both Andhras and Oriyas and to warn his officials not to show any discrimination against Andhras who being a minority have a greater right for protection at his hands".

MENON'S PARTY TO DESHMUKH

LONDON, Sept. 22 (Reuter): Mr. Krishna Menon, Indian High Commissioner in London, gave a luncheon at the Waldorf Hotel today in honour of Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India.

Among the guests were Mr. Arthur Henderson, Minister of State for Commonwealth Relations.

U. S. PRICES ARE WORLD'S HIGHEST

Only Thing On Which U. N. O. Delegates Agree

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22 (U.P.A.): Prices in the United States are higher to-day than anywhere else in the world—United Nations delegates who disagree on everything else agree on that. No East-West split developed on the opinion about the high price of butter. Poland and Australia fight like cats and dogs in committee meetings but they raised voices in harmony to say that butter at home was cheaper than here.

Delegate from Lebanon Doctor Charles Malik claimed prices in his home country had been for many years highest of anywhere in the world. "But now", he said, "prices are cheaper in the Lebanon than in the United States. Things are more expensive in the United States than anywhere else."

China's delegate observed that American goods could be bought for less in Shanghai than in New York and said, "I can't understand it but it is so. The same things that are selling on Fifth Avenue, I can buy at home much cheaper."

The daughters of Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, Delegate from India, said that when they came to America they planned to do extensive shopping, "but things cost so much that all one can do is window shop," Chandra Pandit complained, "why in India a rupee (thirty cents) will buy more than a dollar will buy here!"

Dr. Julius Katz Suchy of Poland said he was impressed with the enormous amounts of goods on the market in New York "but I wonder whether all can afford to buy goods at the high prices." He said butter in Poland sells at the equivalent of fourteen cents a pound but that it was rationed to two and half pounds a month.

Delegates from Australia said that prices in the United States averaged five times higher than in the land Down Under. The Aussie said, "My rent here is 40 dollars a week and at home it is only seven. I guess the difference is that we kept our O.P.A.—you didn't."

"My wife, she is the one you should talk to about prices," said Dr. T. Carias (Jr.), of Honduras. "She tells me things are twice as expensive as at home. I myself know clothing is much higher. This suit I have on cost 50 dollars at home—to buy it in New York would have cost me one hundred."

COMMUNISTS' RESPONSE TO AZAD'S PEACE MISSION

BOMBAY, September 23.

Mr. P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India has sent a telegraphic message to Maulana Azad, placing at his disposal all the resources and workers of the Party for the united goodwill Hindu-Muslim Mission planned by Maulana Sahib.

Mr. Joshi has, on behalf of the Communist Party, greeted Maulana Sahib's "Lead for a united goodwill mission to tour the riot-torn areas and restore Hindu-Muslim-Sikh unity". Mr. Joshi hopes to meet Maulana Azad personally and discuss what contributions Maulana Sahib expects the Communist Party to make in bringing to fruition the great task he has undertaken.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Bombay's Bid For National Soccer Championship

(By J. C. MAITRA)

Now it appears certain that the Inter-Provincial Football Tournament for the Santosh Trophy will be stagen definitely next month and Calcutta will be the venue. Eleven associations have entered for the competition and they have been drawn as follows:—

Mysore (holders) bye; Assam v. Hyderabad. Bihar v. Orissa. W.I.F.A. (Bombay) bye. I.F.A. (Bengal) bye; Madras v. Delhi. United Provinces v. Trivandrum byes.

Let us hope that it will be possible for all of them to make the journey to Calcutta and participate in the competition. The I.F.A. Shield is going on smoothly. So it is confidently expected in all quarters that peace and tranquillity will reign supreme in the "City of Palaces" in future.

BOMBAY TEAM

The selectors of the W.I.F.A have chosen the following players to represent our province:—

Goal: Sanjiva (Trades), and Thingalaya (Tatas). Backs: Manuel (Trades), Papen (Tatas) and Bonld (Rangers). Half-Backs: Middlecoat (Dockyard), Rashad (Trades), Krisnnan (Tatas) and Govind (Trades). Forwards: Gardner (Rangers), Bhimrao (Trades), Parab (Trades), Adams (Rangers), Tully (G.I.P. Railway) and Thomas (Trades).

Little criticism can be offered against the above selections. Almost all of them walked into the side. Opinions may vary in regard to the inclusion of one or two players, or rather why so and so was not chosen in place of so and so. But the difference is so little between them that one of the other could be selected almost blindly.

CHIEF DIFFICULTY

The team's chief difficulty will be the left extreme position. In the enforced absence of Dhakuram, there is nobody in Bombay who can adequately fill this gap. I do not know who will captain the side. Whoever he is, he would be well-advised to keep Bhimrao and Parab together on the right and transfer Gardner to the left wing. In the alternative, Gardner and Adams may be given the above positions shifting Parab to the left flank.

Tully should remain centre-forward whatever formations may be made on either side. It must be remembered that combination and understanding matters most in a team game.

ROVERS CUP

We are still in the dark about the fate of the Rovers Tournament. I understand that both Mohun Bagan and Bangalore Young Men have expressed their willingness to come back and play through the remaining matches. It is rumoured that the South Staffords have not replied either way yet. But it is understood that if the tournament is restarted, they will make it convenient to fulfil their engagements. It appears that the A.I.F.F. have put backward the Santosh Trophy by a few days to accommodate the W.I.F.A. It now remains for the Cooperage-rulers to go ahead with their programme.

ARMED GUARDS FOR MILLS

Govt. Move To Instil Confidence In Sind Traders

KARACHI, September 22. (A.P.I.): A conference of District Collectors from all over Sind and Mr. Haji Fazalilah, today discussed Government proposals assuring safety to traders to run four hundred rice-hulling mills and 64 cotton ginning factories in the Province. The traders had complained to the Government that due to the exodus of people from Sind their trade had received a severe setback and the mills and factories remained closed. They stated that insurance companies refused to accept any riot risks.

The conference decided to afford immediate protection to the trade and forthwith recruit 1,000 armed police guards for the mills and factories and assure safety to the owners. The scheme is estimated to cost the Government rupees six lakhs.

The conference recommended to the government to approach the insurance companies to accept riot risk.

NEW MINISTRY FOR CEYLON

Governor To Ask United Nationalist Party Leader To Form Cabinet

COLOMBO, Sept. 23. (Reuter): Mr. D. S. Senanayake, as leader of the largest party—the United National Party—in the newly elected House of Representatives, is to be asked to form a Cabinet tomorrow, it was learned today. Mr. Senanayake was summoned today by the Governor of Ceylon, Sir Henry Monck Mason Moore, to attend conference at Kandy tomorrow.

He is expected to submit a list of ten Ministers on Friday. As soon as the new Ministers have been sworn in, probably on Saturday the present Board of Ministers and three Officers of State—Chief Secretary, Legal Secretary and Financial Secretary, will cease to hold office.

Two more Ministers will be chosen later from the Upper House, the Senate, whose total membership of 30 will be made up of 15 elected by the Lower House and 15 nominated by the Governor.

MINING CORPORATION LTD.

Messrs. Mining Corporation Ltd., has been incorporated with the object of manufacturing hard coke and recovering by-products like chemicals, dye-stuffs, coal-tar etc. The company claims to be pioneers in this branch of industry and hope that their programme of work will inspire general confidence. Among the successes already achieved by the company are now the well-known Briquettes and Nuvens for both of which the demand is tremendous.

AMENDMENT TO CO-OP. ACT

Bill To Be Introduced In Next Session Of Bombay Legislature

The Co-operative Planning Committee appointed by the Government of India under the chairmanship of Shri R. G. Saraiya has made valuable recommendations for the acceleration of co-operative effort in the different departments of rural and urban economy.

The Government of Bombay has already, in one form or another, implemented some of the recommendations but considers that if an enlarged and articulate plan is drawn and co-operators are given an idea of what extent the State would be able to assist the movement, it should be possible to speed up progress in the entire field of co-operation.

PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE COUNCIL

After carefully considering the Saraiya Committee's recommendation regarding establishment of a separate Provincial Co-operative Council, the Government has come to the conclusion that the Executive Committee of the Provincial Co-operative Institute can be suitably expanded to function as the contemplated Council. The Council will represent amongst others various interests of Co-operative Societies, members of the legislature and Secretaries of various Government Departments. This body will be a purely deliberative one, will formulate plans of co-operative development and will be available to Government for consultation.

CO-OPERATIVE LAW AMENDMENT

The Government has carefully considered the proposals of both the Saraiya Committee, non-officials and Co-operative institutions regarding an omnibus amendment to the Bombay Co-operative Societies Act. It is Government's intention to introduce the bill embodying all these amendments in the next session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Fuller details of the Government plan will be found in a leaflet which Government is issuing shortly.

REPORT OF WORLD FOOD SITUATION

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23 (Reuter): President Truman is to publish a report on the World food situation, the United States export programme, and the United States internal price problem in the next few days, it was announced here yesterday.

This followed Cabinet meetings at which, according to responsible sources, the question of a special session of Congress to vote on interim aid to Europe and the start of work on the Marshall Aid Plan, were discussed.

No More Worries

We have plans for you—for your peace of mind. Please drop in our office to see our attractive schemes. We aim at service to both our clients and field workers.

THE ARYAN CHAMPION
INSURANCE CO., LTD.
H.O. 7/10, Elphinstone Circle Fort Bombay 1.
Chief Agents for Bombay Presidency:—
M S UNITED TRADING SYNDICATE,
Krishna Building, Bori Bunder, Bombay.

JODHPUR COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in Jodhpur State : Liability of Members is Limited).
Head Office: JALORI GATE, JODHPUR.
Chairman: NARAYANLAL BANSILAL.

ISSUED CAPITAL	Rs.	1,00,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Rs.	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	1,50,000

BRANCHES:
MARWAR: Stock Exchange JODHPUR, JODHPUR CITY, KUCHAMAN CITY, NAGAUR, MERTA CITY, PALI & RANI.
BOMBAY FORT, Kalbadevi Road: MANDVI, THANA & BHIWANDI (Dist. Thana).
AHMEDABAD: Gandhi Road and Maskati Market.
CALCUTTA: 1/1-A, Mission Row; SECUNDERABAD: Kingsway,
MADRAS: Govindappa Naick St.; KARACHI: South Napier Road.
All Types of Banking Business Transacted.
C. H. DIVANJI, Manager.

AGAINST RAIN

For protection against heavy rains, UMBRELLAS of fine and strong cloth can be had from us. Also repairing services are given.

BHIMRAJ JITMAL & Co.,
Peerbhai Bldg.,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

Besides this, stockists for Perfumery compound, perfumes and all kind of aromatic and chemicals

MINING CORPORATION LIMITED

Regd. Office: "GROSVENOR HOUSE," 21, OLD COURT HOUSE ST., CALCUTTA.—1

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. DIWAN CHAMAN LALL, Bar-at-law M.L.A. (Central) New Delhi
2. Sri. MOHAN LALL SAKSENA, M.L.A. (Central) U.P.
3. Sri J. G. BANERJI, Mining Engineer Calcutta.
4. Sri. ROHINI KUMAR CHOWDHURY M.L.A., (Central), Ex-Minister Assam
5. Sri. SASANKA SEKHAR SANYAL M.L.A., (Central), Bengal
6. Sri. P. BRAHMA CALCUTTA
7. Sri. D. N. CHATTERJI, F.R.E.S. (LOND) Ex-Officio, Calcutta.

WORKSHOPS:
1. SHAPUR, Calcutta.
2. SARAI ROHILLA, Delhi.

"I have tested Coke dust Briquettes prepared by M/S. Mining Corpn. Ltd." .."I hope this kind of briquettes will receive wide application for domestic cooking purpose.

M. N. Saha

D. Sc., F.R.S.
Palit Professor of Physics, Calcutta
I.D.'47.

"There is a great demand of these ovens in the market as it consumes 50 p.c. less fuel than other ovens...."

Sd/ CAPT. GHOSE,
Deputy Director of Fuels Bengal
20.2.47.

● The Company has undertaken the construction of a battery of coke ovens to Carbonise 500 tons of coal per day and byproduct plants (i) to recover and refine Benzole and Naphalene, (ii) for the distillation of Coal tar and (iii) for the manufacture of ammonium Sulphate. Negotiation are proceeding with Messrs Simon Curves Ltd of England, who have submitted the plans and estimates, which are being scrutinised by Dr. A. K. Saha, D.Sc., (U.S.S.R.) the Chief Technical Adviser of the Company.

● The Company has undertaken large scale production of coal and coke dust Briquettes and Nuven (P) Ovens at Delhi and Calcutta.

● It is expected that it may be possible for the shareholders to declare a Dividend on the Company's working up to 31st. December 1947.

SITE FOR COKEOVEN: JHARIA E. I. R.

"I am glad to learn that M/S. Mining Corpn. Ltd. have undertaken to enrich low grade coal and to recover and utilise the byproducts." .. "I wish success to this enterprise."

G. N. Bardoloi
Prime Minister, Assam.
23.4.47

"I welcome and bless the activities of the Mining Corpn. Ltd." "The venture is new and the move is in the right direction."

Sd/ BISWANATH DAS,
(Ex-Prime Minister, Orissa.)

NEO-TRADERS LTD.
MG. AGENTS

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

CHAROLIA Production's
Successful Musical Comedy
SHIKARPURI
Starring: SHAMIM
A. SHAH, K. ZAMINDAR
NOW in full Swing
AT
SUPER
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
A SUNRICH Release

SWASTIK 6th WEEK
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
MERA GEET
Producer: RAMESH GUPTA
SUSHIL KUMAR,
NASEEM, Jnr.
Mat. Sat. & Sun. at 1 p.m.
Ad. Booking:
10 to 12 & 3 to 6

10th WEEK LAST TWO DAYS
HIND PICTURES
MALIKA
Directed By: NAZIR
Starring:
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30

From FRIDAY!
CITY-LIGHT
Matunga (B. B.)
Daily: 1-15, 4, 6-45, & 9-30 p.m.
Every Minute Exciting Republic Serial
DESERT AGENT.
ROD CAMARON,
JOAN MARSH
Last 2 Days: 'MANORAMA'

Advance Booking From
To-day: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
RANJIT'S
SPECTACULAR
PICTURE
CHHEEN LE AZADI
NEXT SATURDAY (27-9-47)
AT
NEW WEST END

FROM NEXT FRIDAY
POET IQBAL comes
with his Lyrics.....
Beautiful Damsel
SWARNALATA with
Pathetic Role of Widow
in
HIND PICTURES SOCIAL
ABIDAH
SWARNALATA, NURJAHAN,
KUMAR, MAJID
Director: NAZIR
Ad. Booking 9-30 to 12-30, 2-30 to 5-30
CAPITOL
ALL-INDIA PICTURES Release.

RANJIT'S
BELA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
MINERVA

LOTUS LINE LIMITED
We have started our cargo service between Bombay and Bhavnagar. The shippers and forwarding agents are requested to contact us at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort Bombay; Tele: 20398 for further particulars.
LOTUS LINE LIMITED.

AID FOR THE RED CORPUSCLES
Only by direct action on the red blood corpuscles and the liver, can the toning up and purification of the whole system take place. Livergen tonic vitaliser for the blood does precisely this.

THE AMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges and notables. Annual life reading monthly details Rs. 3. 3 questions Re. 1 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kalipur M. SRINIVASA ACHARIAR Chandrika 2-B Eldams Road, Tevnampet P. O. Madras

For Thick... Handsome Hair... USE

Vaseline
HAIR TONIC
For Women as well as Men

Advance Booking Opens To-day 10 to 12, 4 to 6
जनक चित्र
JANATA
LALITA PAWAR, NAYAMPALLY,
DAVID, BHATIA, VIJAYA DASS
JANAK'S Smart Social
With Revolutionary Idea
NEXT SATURDAY
Simultaneously at
KRISHNA
TALKIES
Dubash Theatre
HINDMATA
TALKIES
PAREL
A JUPITER FILM
DISTRIBUTORS Release

PEOPLE'S CHOICE
DIN PICTURES'
Musical Hit
JACPOT
Starring SURAIYA, SADIQALI
SULOCHANA CHATTERJI
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30, Sun. 1 p.m.
6TH WEEK OF CROWDS
IMPERIAL A 'SELECT' RELEASE
NEXT FRIDAY AT CHITRA

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE
B. T. PICTURE
MILAN
adopted from
TAGORE'S 'The Wreck'
KAMAL Talkies
A Sunrich Release
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 10. 2003.
Muslim: Zilkad 8, 1366.
Parsi: Farvardin 21, 1317.
Sunrise 6-28 a.m., Sunset 6-34 p.m.
Hightide 08.43, 20.02, Lowtide 00.32, 15.22.

NOTICE TO JURORS

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notification Column.

To-day's Engagements

SOCIALIST LECTURES: Mr. Ashok Mehta on "Socialism and Human Values", 6-30 p.m., Sunderabai Hall. Achyut Patwardhan will inaugurate the second series of lectures at Vanmali Hall, Dadar, with "Socialism in Europe". Admission Re. 1 for whole series.

INDO-BRITISH GOODWILL MISSION: Today 5-15 p.m. tea at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall, Khar; 8 p.m. dinner at Chetana Cultural Centre at Peacock Restaurant, Fort, Bombay, (near Museum); 9 p.m. Reception by the Discussion Group at Peacock Restaurant.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND SOCIOLOGY: Lecture on "Machinery of Planning" by Mr. Gaganvihari L. Mehta, today at 6 p.m. at the University Convocation Hall. Mr. A. D. Shroff will preside.

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS (INDIA): At Ilaco House, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) today Mr S. R. Kantebet will lecture on "India's Foreign Communications".

MAYOR'S PEACE MEETING: The meeting of the representatives of certain communities held in the Mayor's Room on Wednesday, the 17th instant, a further informal meeting will be held in the Mayor's Room today at 5 p.m. (S.T.), to consider ways and means for maintaining the peace of the City.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Notes on the Bhagavad-Gita" will be taken up for study on Wednesday at 6-15 p.m., at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

CHETANA PHILOSOPHICAL GROUP will meet the Indo-British Cultural and Goodwill Mission today at 9 p.m., 34, Rampart Row.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: A talk on "Thirumurugatruppadai" by Mr. D. K. Subramanyam, at Sangham premises, tonight 8-30 p.m., Telang Road, Matunga.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m. at Mazdaznan, Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road, on "What a Zarathushtrian ought to know about his religion".

KANNADA VIDYARTHI PARISHAT: The first Managing Committee meeting of the Parishat was held on Sunday, the 21st September under the presidentship of Sri A. Venkobachar. Sri C. V. Ramachandra Rao, M.A.B.L., and Sri A. Venkobachar were unanimously elected President and Vice-President respectively for the current year. Different sub-committees were formed to carry out the various activities of the Parishat.

Cross-Country Run

The Cross-Country Run, organised by the B.P.O. Association will be held on 5th October, 1947, at 8-30 a.m. starting from the Jogeshwari Railway Station Level Crossing, B. B. and C. I. Rly. Entries close on 2nd October.

BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY: Sailings to Panjim, Vengurla and Dabhol lines are cancelled due to bad weather until further notice.

Miss Fatima Jinnah In Bombay

Miss Fatima Jinnah has arrived in Bombay by air in a specially chartered B.O.A.C. plane. She will return to Karachi before this week end.

MARATHA EVACUEES FOR DHARWAR

The President, Maratha Samaj, Dharwar, writes that the Samaj has taken the decision to provide food, clothing, housing and employment for all Maratha evacuees from Pakistan. This decision has been communicated to the Hon. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. Government are, therefore, requested to direct all Maratha evacuees to Dharwar.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 24.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-00 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Ratnakant Ramnathkar (Jaltarang) 8-45 Talpade (Vocal) 9-00 V. A. Kagalkar (Vocal) 12-00 p.m. Rang Tarang 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Sab Rang 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour 4-20 School Broadcasts 5-00 Ratnakant Ramnathkar (Jaltarang) 5-15 D. R. Nimbargi (Vocal) 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-00 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Sundrabai (Vocal) 6-30 Amritlal Kapadia (Vocal) 6-45 Thumri 7-00 V. A. Kagalkar (Vocal) 7-30 Review of latest films 7-45 Stage Songs 8-00 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kavita Vanchan 8-45 Rojachya Duniyet: Drishya Satave (M) 9-00 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 In 2222 A. D.: Truth Knowledge and Spirit of Wonder 10-00 Mohantara Talpade 10-30 V. A. Kagalkar

VARIATIONS.
BOMBAY—II.
41.44 m (7,240 kc/s)

7-40 a.m. Geetmala 6-15 p.m. Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-00 A. Kapadia (Vocal) 8-15 to 30 Sundrabai (Vocal) 9-00 D. R. Nimbargi (Vocal) 9-30 Nanalal-Krut Geeto (G) 10-00 Chamber Music.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till the morning of Sept. 25:—

Rainfall will be widespread over the whole of the Bombay Province and Hyderabad State.

Special Warning: Heavy rain and squally winds are likely in the Konkanpatti and in Kathiawar. Strong winds are also likely in Surat and Broach districts of Gujarat.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days:

High winds and very heavy rain likely in Kathiawar. Strong winds will continue in Konkan. Rainfall will decrease in Bombay Karnatak, Mawal, Desh Khandesh and in the Hyderabad State.

MR. MILKHIRAM GOYEL.

Industrialist and businessman left by T.W.A. plane for the States to buy heavy machineries and other equipments inclusive of complete Spinning and Weaving Textile and Woollen Mills to further the Government Policy towards industrialization of India.

EJECTMENT SUIT AGAINST CHIEF JUSTICE OF INDIA

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee)

Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee .... Plaintiff
vs.
Sir Harilal Kania ..... Defendant

Considerable interest was aroused in the High Court when an ejectment suit against the Chief Justice of India came up for hearing before His Lordship on Tuesday afternoon

The plaintiff, who appeared in person, stated that no Solicitor in Bombay was willing to take up his case because the suit was against Sir Harilal Kania. On being questioned by His Lordship the plaintiff stated that he had approached two firms of Solicitors of which he was a client but that they had refused to take up the case, but conceded that he had not approached any others. His Lordship thereupon pointed out that the plaintiff's statement that no Solicitor in Bombay was prepared to take it up was inaccurate. His Lordship observed that the legal profession was an independent profession and there could not be any difficulty in obtaining legal assistance from others even if two firms had refused on personal grounds.

As the plaintiff stated that he had not received the written statement of defence which had been sent to him by post, the suit was adjourned for a week.

The Advocate-General instructed by Messrs. Merwanji Kola & Co. appeared for the defendant.

Ismail College To Be First-grade Science College

(From Our Correspondent)
ANDHERI, Sept. 23

The Ismail Yusuf College, Jogeshwari, although a first-grade Arts College is not yet a full-fledged Science College. It has only a two years' science course leading up to the Inter-Science examination of the Bombay University. Students after passing the Inter-Science have necessarily to seek admission either to the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, or some other city college but owing to the preference shown specially by the latter to their own students, these colleges are unable to absorb the Ismail College students. Efforts have, therefore, been made in the past to make the Ismail College a full-grade Science College but in vain. The late Dr. M. B. Rehman, till lately the Principal of the College, had been trying to raise it leading up to the B.Sc. course but Section 93 Government did not respond to his wishes as they wanted to maintain the 'status quo'. After the Congress Ministry assumed office last year, Dr. Rehman pursued his efforts and he found the Government was fairly responsive.

Mr. K. B. Kazi, Member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, put a question to the Prime Minister last week whether Government was aware that students from this college studying for B.Sc. classes found it difficult to get admission in other colleges and if so what steps Government intended taking to remove this grievance. Mr. Kher replied that the question of provision for B.Sc. teaching in that College was "under the active consideration of Government."

It can now be safely assumed that the necessary steps will be taken by Government to move the University of Bombay to accord permission to start the B.Sc. classes from the next academic term in June 1948.

Armed Dacoities In Suburbs

(From Our Correspondent)
ANDHERI, Sept. 23.

There have been a large number of dacoities in the suburbs during recent months. In Andheri and Goregaon on the B.B.C.I. line and in Ghatkopar and Kurla on the G.I.P. line, such dacoities have been frequent and people living in lonely parts have been greatly terrorised. The last of such dacoities took place at Chakala near Andheri in the early hours of Friday morning when a Factory Inspector's house was raided by an armed gang and jewellery and clothes worth about Rs. 5,000 were taken away. The police, who have been on the track all these days to apprehend this gang, succeeded in trapping them on Sunday at different places in the city and suburbs. No less than 25 suspects were arrested and when their belongings were searched, several articles of loot and unlicensed fire-arms are reported to have been found. All of them were placed before Mr. M. J. Gordhandas, Presidency Magistrate, Andheri yesterday who remanded them into jail custody pending further investigations.

ARRESTED FOR BREACH OF RATIONING RULES

BOMBAY, Tuesday

R. R. Kale, a landlord of Kurla was arrested by the police for alleged breach of Rationing rules.

It appears five members of Kale's family left Bombay and he did not surrender their ration cards to the authorities and went on drawing ration on them. He was released on bail.

BOMBAY HOME GUARDS ACT

The Bombay Home Guards Act, 1947, has been extended, with effect from September 29, to all other areas of the Province of Bombay to which it had not applied so far.

60,000 Textile Workers Idle

Protest Against Standardisation Committee Award

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Protesting against the award of the "Ad-hoc" Standardisation Committee announced in May last about 3,500 drawers-in of the textile mills in the city have gone on strike today. They are also joined by thousands of warpers who are also said to have been hit hard by the award. As a result eleven mills of the city are closed today and ten more are working with depleted staff, thus rendering more than 60,000 workers completely idle.

The mills which are closed down are Dhunraj Mills, the New Pralhad Mill, the Union Mill, Indian Manufacturing, Elphinstone, Crown Standard, Tata and Digvijay.

The rest of the 42 mills in the city are working without warpers and drawers-in. As it is impossible to carry on without these specialised workers, it is apprehended that these mills too may be closed down.

Police patrols are posted at strategic points in the mill area and the gates of the closed as well as the working mills are closely guarded. Except a slight tension the general situation can be said to be well-nigh quiet.

Interviewed by a representative of this paper Mr. S. G. Patkar, General Secretary of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union said that the workers were willing to call off the strike on an assurance from the Government of Bombay that their legitimate demands would be conceded within six weeks. He said that it was possible for the Government within the scope of the Industrial Disputes Act to order a revision of the award of the Industrial Court.

Mr. Patkar maintained that the drawers-in of the textile mills in Bombay had been hard hit by the award of the Industrial Court. As a result of this award he said, a large number of drawers-in were actually earning less than they did before the award. He said that even the millowners had admitted that a grave injustice had been done to these workers.

Looking to the situation as it is, it seems that in view of the adamantine attitude of the strikers the possibility of an early settlement is rather remote.

Meanwhile every effort is being made to bring pressure on the Government to intervene in the matter by holding out proper assurances.

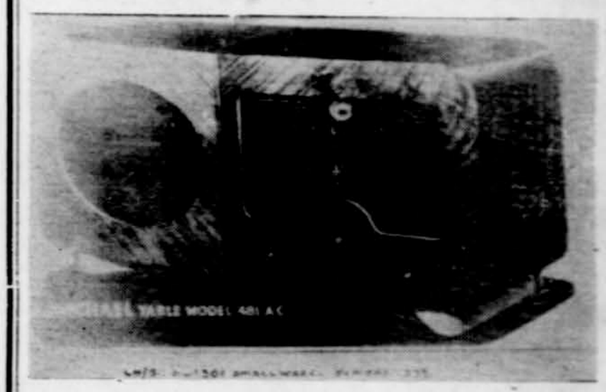
STABLE COLLAPSES INJURING ANIMALS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Four animals were injured as a result of the roof of a bullock stable at Dongri collapsing, this morning.

The fire brigade rescued some of the animals that were trapped in the debris and the S.P.C.A., administered first aid to the injured oxen.

NEWS FLASH FROM
RADIO OLYMPIA LONDON
THE NEW
McMICHAEL RADIO



The above Photograph of the New McMICHAEL RADIO —Model 481 AC. was RADIOK'S to Evans Fraser & Co. (India) Ltd. on the opening of RADIO OLYMPIA EXHIBITION, LONDON, on 23rd Sept. at 19-30 hours.

Soothe that sore throat pleasantly with —
COMPOUND GLYCERIN OF THYMOL PASTILLES
YOUR CHEMIST STOCKS THEM
Boots
THE SIGN OF FINE PHARMACEUTICALS
BOOTS PURE DRUG CO. (INDIA) LTD

GOLD FLAKE QUIZ No. 8.

Do you know the answer?

"A KOPEK" is

a Bulgarian dance
a cap worn by Jews
a Russian coin
a Turkish drink

(For answer see below)*

and the answer to those who demand smoking satisfaction is

WILLS'S
GOLD FLAKE
of course

*a Russian coin.

Rs. 2/4/- for 50 and 7 annas for 10. Plus local tax in force.

GF/297

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 23 (API.) Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours I S T on 23rd Sept. 1947:—

Ahmedabad 96 80 0.1 21.2 minus 6.6 Ahmednagar 86 70 1.5 18.4 plus 1.9 Allahabad 93 80 0 32.5 minus 1.7 Bangalore 79 67 0.1 23.3 plus 6.7 Baroda 94 77 0.1 24.3 Nil Belgaum 79 67 0.3 33.2 minus 4.4 Benares 94 80 0 23.0 minus 11.2 Bhuj 97 79 0 9.1 minus 3.2 BOMBAY 82 74 10.5 63.8 minus 1.9 Calcutta 92 79 T 53.7 plus 8.7 Lahore 97 72 0 8.8 minus 5.6 Colombo 83 78 0.5 31.9 plus 10.4 Gulbarga 85 73 0.4 25.8 plus 3.9 Hyderabad (Dn) 91 71 0 26.3 plus 5.3 Karachi 87 78 0 2.0 minus 4.0 Patna 94 83 0 35.9 minus 3.1 Madras 89 77 0 13.0 minus 0.5 Mahableshwar 69 63 2.6 183.3 minus 63.2 Mangalore 83 73 1.8 116.3 plus 8.3 Marmagao 84 74 0.1 103.3 plus 17.0 Nagpur 89 74 0.9 36.7 Nil Pachmarhi 78 67 0.1 11.46 plus 44.0 Poona 86 71 0.7 17.4 minus 0.9 Rajkot 95 72 0.5 13.9 minus 9.0 Sholapur 87 73 T 24.6 plus 5.9 Surat 91 77 0.1 21.2 minus 13.4 Trivandrum 88 73 0.5 39.4 plus 10.3

Widespread Rain In Bombay Province

POONA, Sept. 23. (API.) The following is daily weather summary for Tuesday, the 23rd Sept. 1947:

Yesterday's low pressure area moved across the North Konkan into the East Central Arabian Sea and lies this morning as a deep depression centred at 8 hours I S T about 100 miles West-southwest of Bombay. It is likely to intensify further and initially move slowly in a Northwesterly direction.

Rainfall has been widespread in the Bombay Presidency, East Rajputana, the central parts of the country, Hyderabad, Mysore and the Madras Presidency. Thundershowers have occurred locally along the Orissa Coast in Assam and the West United Provinces.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 24TH EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in the Bombay Presidency, Malabar and along the Orissa-Circars coast. Showers will occur locally in Assam, Central India, the Central Provinces, Hyderabad and at a few stations in East Rajputana, the West United Provinces, Mysore and Southeast Madras.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"To Be Vanquished And Not Surrender, That Is Victory"
—PILSUDSKI

The Bombay Chronicle

ENSURING PEACE

Both India and Pakistan and all the people inhabiting East and West Punjab and neighbouring areas have suffered terrible madness that has been rampant for so many long, bloody and agonising days. Much of it has been checked already and there is no doubt that the rest will also be checked soon. But that relates only to the murderous manifestations of the disease. The pschology of it cannot be overcome only by military and police action. And so long as the psychology remains all the dangers are there. The people have suffered long enough and are going to suffer more in the shape of mass disease, like cholera, and destitution. Relief and rehabilitation work is being done with all the resources at the disposal of any Government. But the people have to be rescued from the hatred and bitterness in which they have been engulfed. That alone can consolidate restoration of law and order into peace and maintain it, too.

It is for this reason that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's appeal for volunteers to go on a peace mission deserves to be welcomed as an eminently wise and practical suggestion and to be wholeheartedly supported. As Maulana Azad points out, "one of the main reasons of the tragic happenings of the recent past is one-sided propaganda, in which members of one community have heard only of the sufferings of their own community". The fact is that both have suffered horribly and both have inflicted horrible sufferings. If the different communities are made to realize and feel this fact, the present psychology will change. Maulana Azad has suggested a plan of how it can be done. We are sure that every community has, even in the midst of the psychological madness, enough men of balance and goodwill to man "peace missions" which will prove effective among the various communities.

There are, as Maulana Azad says, among the refugees themselves "men of wide vision and imagination, who have risen above their own personal losses and sorrows and viewed the whole problem from the point of view of suffering humanity". And who can doubt that "if such refugees can join these groups of leaders and workers, who go out on a mission of peace, their words, born out of their own suffering will have an effect which would be beyond compare"? Nor can there be any doubt that they will readily join such groups. Maulana Azad's plan has tremendous possibilities and is entitled to support by leaders of all parties and communities in both India and Pakistan as also by the Governments concerned. For, it will restore peace and sanity in both areas which would be to the benefit not only of India but also of Pakistan. When the future of so many millions and even of the State is concerned, the plan should not be ignored through irrelevant prejudice or false prestige because, for instance, it has been initiated by a very distinguished Muslim and leader of the Indian Union.

Indian Merchant Navy

The need for building up a strong Merchant Navy in India is so urgent that Mr. M. A. Master, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, has done a service by emphasising the point in his address to the Commerce Graduates' Association. There are no two opinions on making speedy progress in this direction but so long there has been only much talk, and probably the Government of India hoped that negotiations with the British shipping interests would help to bring about a settlement advantageous to both. But the failure of the recent London talks between the British and Indian Shipping Delegations should disillusion the Government of India and the public. Mr. Master has evidently good reason to believe that British shipowners have little respect for those who wait upon them with applications for admission to the waters which they regard as their preserve. He accordingly suggests that the Indian Government and Indian shipowners should pool their resources to build up speedily a Merchant Navy of at least two million tons during the next five years. This is a self-evident proposition and neither the Government nor the shipowners can afford to be slow in this matter which involves unequal competition with British shipping interests.

It is estimated that before the war 99 per cent of India's exports and 95 per cent of her imports were carried in British ships. This was bad enough but it is deplorable that the position has not substantially changed in recent years. In these circumstances it will be unwise to allow any fresh negotiations with British shipping interests cause the slightest delay in building up our own merchant navy. This is at least as urgent as the task of building up a navy for Defence purposes. The present position, as stated by Mr. Master, is that India's shipping, which had gone down, owing to the loss of ships during the war, below 100,000 tons has now reached 250,000 tons and is expected to reach 350,000 tons when ships actually under construction are delivered. It should be possible for the Government of India and the Indian shipping interests to purchase a few more ships at once from Britain and America. That is about the immediate or short range programme. But we whole-heartedly agree with Mr. Master that the most important step which the Government can take in respect of a long-range programme is to help in every possible way the shipbuilding industry in the country so that a large number of ships could be built in this country itself. It may be necessary for that purpose to develop more ports in the country but that should not be indefinitely postponed if India is to have soon a strong Navy for Defence and Commerce alike. There should be no difficulty in training the personnel and the officers for the Navy in the proposed schools at Cochin and Vizagapatam.

Frankly Speaking

Budget Demands

Some opposition was expected to the supplementary budget demands in the Bombay Legislative Assembly. But all the demands were voted within little over two hours. Four out of the five cut motions tabled by members of the Muslim League Party were withdrawn in the light of Government's explanations and one relating to the sumptuary allowance of the Premier was not moved at all. The criticism of measures against black marketing is understandable when the evil is so wide-spread. One root cause of the trouble is that the people do not give the Government all the co-operation that is needed. Many support the black market when it is to their advantage to do so, say, when they can buy things there which are not available elesewhere. The evil will cease completely only when the production is high enough to make black-marketing more risky than profitable. However, it is necessary for the Government to make every possible effort to put down the evil so long as it lasts.

River Development

The public will warmly welcome the assurance given by Mr. N. V. Gadgil Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, that the policy of Government is to expedite various projects of river development on a multi-purpose basis on the lines of the T.V.A. Such a policy should not only augment considerably our food resources but also increase production in general, industrial and agricultural. Large projects will, of course, involve negotiations with several provinces and States. But there should be little difficulty about this within the Indian Union. Even if there should be any difficulties about projects involving both the Dominions they must be faced and overcome. For priority must be given to schemes that yield maximum benefits. Prosperity and contentment in both the Dominions will be most conducive to mutual goodwill. Care should also be taken that development should not be exclusively concentrated on any one part of the country.

Significant Warning

A Reuter's report from Baghdad reads thus: "A strong warning that, if the United Nations decided to partition Palestine, the Iraq Government and nation would fight for the full independence and security of Palestine, was conveyed in a note sent by the Iraq Government to the British and United States embassies here". Spokesmen of Arab States have given a plain enough warning on the subject in the United Nations General Assembly. The official note from the Iraq Government deserves even more special attention. The Iraq Government is regarded as comparatively more friendly to Britain and America and, moreover, Iraq has special relations with King Abdullah of Transjordon, who is supposed to be under the influence of the British. Iraq's warning is, therefore, significant. It is a warning to all friends of Zionism in the United Nations of the temper of the people of the Arab world. And that temper is that those who want to dispose of Palestine as if it was theirs, must expect a war in the Middle East.

Cloth Scarcity

The other day we were told by a responsible official that we might have to face severe scarcity of food during the next two months. Today we are told that an over-all shortage of two and one-third million yards of cloth, calculated on the pre-war availability of sixteen and half yards for every individual, faces the Dominions of India and Pakistan at the end of the current year. That means that there is to be no relief from the present scarcity this year and that thereafter it is all uncertain. We are doubtless assured that the Government of India has formulated a plan to step up production by controlling it and giving several new concessions and facilities to producers. The facilities, it is said, will include priorities for transport, the supply of coal and for the purchase of equipments. There will be no objection to such facilities but the public will hardly be reassured by the report that the plan envisages an increase in cloth prices. It is true that a fair price is a neccessary incentive to higher production. But the prices are very high already and the prospect of higher prices cannot but cause anxiety to millions. It is to be hoped that the rise in prices, if necessary at all, will be confined only to the superior varieties of cloth likely to be purchased only by the rich.

Possibilities Of The Charkha

It is surprising that the report of the new Government plan has nothing to say about the promotion of handspinning on a large scale. There are obviously large possibilities in handspinning, and now more than ever before is it necessary to explore all those possibilities. We are told that one of the difficulties in the speeding up of production is that the existing machinery in the mills is warworn and that it takes time to import new machinery. But one of the greatest advantages of the Charkha is that lakhs of these can be prepared all over the country in a few months. This is a provincial subject, it is true. But the Government of India should encourage the provinces in the matter by giving subsidies and other necessary facilities. We should like to know early what the Bombay Government proposes to do about utilising the Charkha in speeding up cloth production.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

An Appeal To Muslim M.L.A.'s

Sir,—The communal situation has so much deteriorated in the country that there is to-day widespread distrust between Hindu and Muslim population. All reason is swept aside to the extent that the very foundation of society is threatened. In such an atmosphere it is incumbent even on a minority community in a province like Bombay and all over India to help sustain civilized conditions. Muslims in this Province do feel it their duty to do their bit by now proclaiming their assurance to the Government and the people of this province that they mean to be citizens of India alone and they are as much interested as any other community in peaceful conditions necessary for the progress of all people alike, and that there should not be any cause for distrust about their intentions on the part of their Hindu brethern. We, Muslims of this province, are entitled to remain here in this province and make this province prosperous and progressive, and are entitled to receive protection like any other minority. We have no intention of taking part in the fratricidal slaughter that is degrading humanity. Let the Government have no doubt on this score, and let them and the Hindu community disabuse their minds and let them not look upon the Muslims of this province as an enemy community.

I, therefore, make this appeal also to the Bombay Muslim, M.L.A.'s and League leaders to make such declarations in the several districts of this Province which they represent in order to create mutual confidence in both the communities. The restoration of good relations between the two communities is also dependent upon such wise assurance on the part of leaders of Muslims in various districts of this province."—Yours, etc.,

SHAIKH BAXU MAHOMED SARDAR,
General Secretary, Bombay
Suburban District Muslim League.

178, Ghod Bunder Road,
Bandra, Sept. 19.

Refugees From West Punjab

Sir,—It is difficult to see any wisdom in the policy of the India Government of allowing the refugees from the Punjab to go to different provinces in India and settle down there. East Punjab is not so small a place that it cannot find place for these unfortunate men from the West Punjab. The Central and Provincial Governments can demonstrate their sympathies by not only inviting them in their midst for but as well by sending whatever help they can in the form of money and material and volunteers who shall go out on a spirit of sacrifice and service to organize relief.

The Government of India must see to it that the refugees from the West Punjab remain in the East Punjab.—Yours, etc.,

DELHIWALLA.

Delhi, Sept. 17.

Develop Karwar

Sir,—Poor Karwar! It does not find its harbour developed because it lacks adequate industry and hence commerce. And it cannot get to see anything of industry or commerce because it lacks effective transport connection with the interior. Thus Karwar has been caught up in a vicious circle which must be cut up both ways by giving it railway link with Hubli and developing the harbour.

It is our fond hope that the Bombay Ports Development Committee now in session will take up an impartial and balanced decision in the matter, keeping above all corruptive influences which it feared are afloat.

Let history not be given a chance to record that one of the best natural harbours in the world was made to perish.—Yours, etc.,

S. SADANAND.

Ahmedabad.

Short-Sighted Resolution

Sir,—The "Leader" dated the 6th August reports that the Managing Committee of the M. S. V. High School of Kalpi, U.P., has decided by a resolution that the teaching of Urdu and Persian will be abolished from July 1948. This is, indeed, a very short-sighted resolution and will have far-reaching repercussions in other provinces. It is hoped that the Managing Committee will act with sanity and will soon rescind its resolution. Urdu, as has been admitted on all hands, is the common heritage of both Hindus and Muslims and it is a pity that a place in the U.P. has been selected for this experiment, which province, according to H.E. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, represents the combined cultures of Hindus and Muslims alike. As a matter of fact the U.P. should have been the last province to adopt such a mischievous resolution.—Yours, etc.

Z. A. BARNI.

The Bombay Matric

Sir,—Though the standard of the Bombay Matric is low, the percentage of students who passed was only 47 per cent this year. Dull average students cramming guide-books and attending tuition-classes pass, while clever students who are one-sided are excluded from higher studies, if they fail in one subject. Instead of encouraging talented individuals, the present system suppresses them. Except the mother-tongue and English, compensation should be allowed for all subjects.

The general English paper contains about 50 per cent grammar such as figures of speech, idiomatic phrases etc., which cannot be used in modern—colloquial English. Students who cram these items get good marks in English, though their English is full of elementary mistakes. The general English paper should contain nothing but an essay,—three-four subjects for selection,—for it is easy to judge a student's English as well as his mental faculties from an essay.

If these changes are made, our Universities will produce critical and cultured people instead of clerks.—Yours, etc.,

DR. M. SPIEGAL.

Baroda

"The Quinine Racket"

Sir,—The Government of Bombay has controlled the rate of quinine Sulphate at the rate of Rs. 56/- per pound. But it is not available in the market at the controlled rate, while it is available in black-market at the rate of 200 to 300 rupees a pound. For this the Government is responsible. It has also reserved the right of freezing the quinine stock at the rate of Rs. 56/- per pound, when actually the cost of imported quinine comes to Rs. 65/- per pound. Naturally merchants are not willing to import sufficient amount of quinine for fear of the stock being freezed at the rate of Rs. 56/- per pound.

If the Government allows free import at the rate of Rs. 65/- per pound the flow of imported quinine will be enough to meet the need of our province. One wonders why the Government is following such a policy in regard to quinine. Where is the sense in spending, in the Malarial affected areas large sums of money to stamp out Malaria by appointing Special Malarial Medical Officers, while the Government puts restrictions on the free import of quinine. The free import of quinine will help a lot in preventing Malarial epedemic.—Yours etc.

N. R. PURANDARE.

Hindustani Must Be India's National Language

Pundit Sunderlal And Dr. Tarachand's Appeal To Members Of Constituent Assembly

Pundit Sunderlal, Secretary, and Dr. Tarachand, Treasurer of the Hindustani Culture Society, Allahabad, have addressed the following letter to members of the Constituent Assembly of India:—

In 1921 the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress decided that "only Hindustani in both Devnagri and Urdu scripts" should be the official language of the Congress. In 1925 the Indian National Congress added a clause to its Constitution confirming Hindustani as its official language. Again in 1938 the Working Committee by means of a resolution made it clear that "Hindustani....the language of the bulk of the people of the North and written either in Devnagri or Urdu script" should be our "national language". Thus the Congress after due deliberation came to the conclusion that for inter-provincial purposes and for All-India work we must have a national language and that language should be Hindustani written in both the Nagri and the Urdu scripts.

FUSION OF HINDI & URDU

The form and content of Hindustani have also been made clear. Hindustani is that "khari boli" which most people of North India, including Hindus, Muslims and all others, speak, which is the common basis of both Hindi and Urdu and which most people in the country understand. Many persons, knowing both Sanskritised Hindi and Persianised Urdu, are of opinion that if this Hindustani is enriched, without any prejudice and with an open mind, from the respective treasures of both Hindi and Urdu, as well as from the vocabularies of some outside languages, and if we also take full advantage of the language of the common people, then this Hindustani of ours can easily become a successful fusion of both Hindi and Urdu, much richer than either and capable of giving full expression to all that is highest in religion philosophy or science. Thus Hindustani can unite the hearts of all Indians and can become our most valuable national asset.

The Constituent Assembly at Delhi is busy performing the most delicate and responsible task of drafting the future constitution of India. The Rules of Procedure of the Assembly and also the Draft Constitution of the Indian Union presented by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru both recognize "Hindustani" in both its forms and in both scripts as India's National Language.

After that it was agreed that Hindustan and Pakistan should be two separate States. The arrangement hurt many a Hindu and Muslim patriot. Some Hindu friends naturally raised the cry that after this division, instead of Hindustani written in either script, Hindi written only in Devnagri Script should be the national language of Hindustan. That is why we had to address you this letter.

We wish to draw your attention to the fact that with the partition of India into Hindustan and Pakistan the country's problem is not solved, nor can it be solved that way. There are about five crores of our Muslim brethren in Hindustan and probably about three crores of Hindus and Sikhs in Pakistan. It is physically impossible for all these huge populations to be transferred from one dominion to the other. Also we have not yet given up the hope of these two sovereign States again becoming united some day. People's sentiments as well as political constitutions have changed in the past and will change in future. We should, therefore, as far as possible, avoid doing anything which may in any way hurt the feelings of any section of our countrymen, or on account of which any group or community may find it difficult to believe that the Government of the country is as much its own as of any other group or community, or which instead of making it easy for the two dominions to unite again, may create obstacles in the way of such reunion.

FULFIL THE PLEDGE

In the Partition Council top-most representatives of both the Governments assured to all people within their territories the exercise of liberties such as freedom of speech, association, worship and the protection of their language and culture. Let us take the case of Hindustan. If we were to fulfil this pledge by creating two separate series of schools, universities and courts, we will be simply multiplying causes of disruption in the country and gradually making it impossible for the Governmental machinery to work.

Above all we must look to the convenience and the interest of the poor masses which include Hindus, Muslims as well as others. Sanskritised Hindi and Urdu burdened with Persian and Arabic, will both be hard nuts for the common people to crack. It will immensely increase their educational and other difficulties. The interest, the welfare, the peace and the progress of the masses depend upon easy idiomatic and current Hindustani.

USE BOTH SCRIPTS

In order to save this Hindustani language of ours from being overburdened with too many sanskrit words, or too many Persian or Arabic words this too is absolutely necessary that we should continue using both Nagri and Urdu scripts and should recognise both as our national scripts. Under present day conditions by adopting the Nagri Script alone we cannot avoid making Hindustani over-Sanskritised, just as by adopting the Urdu script only we cannot avoid Hindustani being burdened with over much Persian and Arabic. It is only by adopting both scripts that we can avoid the harder nuts of both and adopt the easy middle path. Besides unless we know both Hindi and Urdu styles as obtaining, we cannot make Hindustani a real and beautiful fusion of the two, and unless we know both scripts we cannot be familiar with both the styles. Whether in future our national script will be one of these or we will have both these scripts, or a third one will take their place or we will have one or both of these scripts in a modified form, time and its need will decide for themselves.

Again we should not forget that the Urdu script can be very helpful to us in maintaining vital culture links and establishing initimate relations and mutual good understanding with a number of countries between Java on the East and Egypt on the West with whose interests our interests and our very freedom are very much interwoven. We could give concrete illustrations in support of this position. But we may not prolong this letter.

We request you coolly to consider all the aspects of this question and save the country, at this juncture, from adopting any narrow outlook. We request you to take into consideration our future good, which means the good of the vast masses and the good of all and maintain Hindustani as our National Language and its two scripts the Nagri and Urdu as our national scripts.—("From Hindustani").

SRI PRAKASA FOR HYDERABAD (SIND)

KARACHI, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): Mr. Sri Prakasa, Indian High Commissioner and Mr. Visvanathan, Deputy High Commissioner in Pakistan propose to leave for Hyderabad (Sind) to study the difficulties of evacuees from the area.

Dispute Over Shares Of F. E. Dinshaw Ltd.

Appeal Succeeds

(Before the Hon'ble the Acting Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Bhagwati)

Jamsetji A. H. Chinoy & another ..... Appellants
..... (Original Plaintiffs)
vs.
Edulji F. E. Dinshaw & others .... Respondents
..... (Original Defendants)

Observing that they could not imagine a clearer case of a concluded contract Their Lordships allowed this appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Tendolkar and granted a decree for specific performance for the sale of the shares of F. E. Dinshaw Ltd.

The first defendant and his sister Bachubai (2nd defendant) were between them holders of 1200 'A' and 'B' collective shares of F. E. Dinshaw Ltd. In May, 1942, the first and second defendants who were then in America wanted to sell those shares. The plaintiffs alleged that the first and second defendants authorized one Shapoorji Pallonji Mistry to sell the shares and that in exercise of that authority Shapoorji Pallonji sold those shares to the first plaintiff on 8th July, 1942, for Rs. 3,000 per collective share aggregating to Rs. 36 lakhs and informed defendants 1 and 2 of the transactions. The plaintiffs further alleged that by cable defendants 1 and 2 instructed Shapoorji Pallonji to communicate with one William Robert Rumbold who held a Power of Attorney from them. The plaintiffs alleged that Shapoorji Pallonji did so but found that Rumbold demanded a commission for himself whereupon Shapoorji told Rumbold that the transaction was already concluded. The plaintiffs alleged that Rumbold purporting to act under the Power of Attorneys thereafter wrongfully sold 900 collective shares out of the 1,200 to one Ambalal Sarabhai (defendtnt 5) and his nominees (defendants 4 to 75) on 14th August, 1942 for a slightly higher price. Some of the remaining shares which the plaintiffs alleged still belonged to defendants 1 and 2 stand in the name of defendants 3, 4, 5, 76 and 77. The plaintiffs stated that in September, 1492, dividend was declared on the shares by F. E. Dinshaw Ltd. which came to Rs. 2,94,000 in respect of these 1,200 collective shares. The plaintiffs contended that the shares of F. E. Dinshaw Ltd., had a special value and were not available in the open market and there existed no standard for ascertaining the damage caused to the plaintiffs. They therefore claimed specific performance of the contract to sell the shares to them which they themselves were ready and willing to carry out. The plaintiffs submitted that defendants 3 to 77 who had acquired the shares with notice of the prior sale to the plaintiffs held them for the benefit of the plaintiffs who were entitled to specific performance against them also. The plaintiffs also claimed damages as well as the dividends amounting to Rs. 2,94,000 on those shares which was received by the defendants.

Defendants 1 and 2 contended that Shapoorji Pallonji had no authority to sell the shares on their behalf. Being a friend of their father, they had merely asked Shapoorji as to whether it would be advisable to sell the shares and what price could be obtained for them so that Shapoorji could get offers for their approval. They further contended that by reason of Rule 93 (2) of the Defence of India Rules and the notices issued by the Reserve Bank of India under those Rules the agreement (if any) to sell the shares was void. They further alleged that the authority (if any) had been obtained by deliberate misrepresentations by Shapoorji Pallonji who had acted in collusion with the plaintiffs.

On behalf of the other defendants it was contended that though they had acquired the shares with notice of the alleged sale to the plaintiffs, there was no concluded contract at all to sell the shares to the plaintiffs, and that in any event as the plaintiffs were not ready and willing to pay for the shares they were not entitled to specific performance.

The trial judge Mr. Justice Tendolkar held that though Shapoorji had been duly authorized by defendants 1 and 2 to sell the shares, no concluded contract to sell the shares to the plaintiffs had been proved and the trial judge had therefore dismissed the plaintiff's suit. The plaintiffs appealed.

On appeal, Their Lordships observed that all the questions were largely questions of fact on which the documentary evidence was clear and overwhelming. Their Lordships agreed with the trial judge that Shapoorji clearly had authority from both defendants 1 and 2 to sell the shares.

On the question as to whether there was a concluded contract, Their Lordships held that on the first plaintiff's letter to Shapoorji dated 8th July and Shapoorji's reply thereto dated 9th July read together with the cablegrams and letters that had passed between Shapoorji and the first defendant a concluded contract had been clearly proved Their Lordships observed that it was unnecessary to speculate as to whether the first plaintiff was buying the shares for himself or there were others interested in the transaction.

Their Lordships further held that the evidence on record was sufficient to establish that the first plaintiff was ready and willing to perform his part of the contract. It was not necessary for him to prove that he had the money to pay for the shares. It was enough if he proved that he had made arrangements to raise the funds. Their Lordships were further of opinion that the obtaining of permission of the Reserve Bank under Rules 92A and 93 (2) of the Defence of India Rules was not a condition of the contract and there was nothing to prevent the plaintiff from obtaining the license before executing the decree for specific performance. Their Lordships, therefore, granted a decree for specific performance against defendants 1 to 76 and directed that the transfers be executed by 27th October 1947 These defendants were also ordered to pay dividends for the year ended 31st March, 1942 to the plaintiff.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

BERLIN, September 21: The Red Army newspaper 'Taeglische Rundschau' today warned Americans to recall the fate of the Nazis, who thought they could defeat the Soviet Union in war. . . . . .

"Americans forget that German Fascists, when they started the war, were convinced of their strength. How it ended every one knows", the paper concluded.

—U. P. A.

* * *

During the Versailles Peace Conferences, an important and controversial subject came up one day for discussion in one of the committees. Lord Balfour, for Britain, held forth for nearly an hour characteristically soaring into the realms of Balfouriana and eventually making a perfect landing, so to speak.

Immediately he had finished, however, M. Clemenceaux, who understood English and had been listening fascinated to Balfour, turned to a neighbour and whispered "magnificent oration, but—but—is he for or against?"

This story of the famed Tiger of France is recalled to mind by Karachi's reply to the Government of India's rejoinder to Sir Md. Zafrullah. "The Government of Pakistan", says the reply, "are ready and willing to submit the issue to an inquiry by an impartial body and feel confident that the verdict will be in their favour".

Which is admirable and all that, but—but, are the Government of Pakistan for or against Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan's declaration that he was expecting his Government's instructions to demand international investigation?

* * *

Criticising the Nawab of Junagadh's unwarranted and unjustifiable decision to accede to Pakistan, the Jam Sahib of Nawanagar demands a plebiscite asserting that on such a vital issue the Nawab should abide by his people's wishes.

This is a reasonable demand even though the Nawab may and will ignore it.

In fact, we personally demand that every Prince should abide by his people's wishes on vital issues, both external and internal.

* * *

Apropos of the dispute with India, Reuter's correspondent at Lake Success understands that the South African Union "will not be prepared to accept anything which is not in line with its statements to the United Nations on the whole question."

Let the United Nations respectfully beware. The privilege of Vetoing the United Nation does not belong exclusively to the Big Five.

* * *

Addressing the U.N. General Assembly, Mr. Hector McNeil made it clear that Britain disagrees with Soviet pronouncements on almost every point.

Quite right. There is no point in going quarter, half or three quarters hog, and since both parties are going all the way in opposite directions they are bound to meet at some stage.

NOVELS TOOK BIRTH IN INDIA

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Speaking to Rotarians at the Green's today Dr. Mulkraj Anand said that the beginning of novels was in India. Mahabharata and Ramayana were nothing but collections of novels in wide sense of the term. He pointed out that plots of ancient Indian stories were found in later European novels.

At the outset he observed that it was incongruous for him to address captains of industries, businessmen and eminent men of society. Surveying critically the development of novels he made a reference to the contribution of the 18th century English writers to novels. He showed the influence of Russian novelists on European literature. He remarked that novelists did not spare anyone. They touched the whole aspect of human life from drawing room to kitchen, from fields to factories.

Presiding over the meeting Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee introduced Dr. Anand as one of the voices of Free India.

Sir Frances Low proposed a vote of thanks.

The members of the Indo-British Goodwill and Cultural Mission were also present.

BRITISH TROOPS FOR U.K.

The steamer "Strathnaver" sailed on Saturday last for U. K. with 144 officers, 227 women and children and 1,960 troops. The following regiments embarked:—

2. Bn. Duke of Wellington Regt. consisting of 28 officers, 25 women and children and 600 B.O.R.s.—72 Field Regt. R. A. consisting of 22 officers, 29 women and children and 400 B.O.R.s.—R.A.F. Contingent 29 officers, 58 women and children and 500 B.O.R.s. Among the senior officers were Brig. Nicholls, Pakistan Army and Brig. Gerty—Staff G.H.Q.

The following personnel embarked on the "Empress of Scotland" which sailed on Sunday.

200 officers, 240 women and children and 200 B.O.R.s and 100 civilians from Bombay. Amongst the senior officers Brig. Brain and Brig. Elliot are sailing.

The "Empire Windrush" which sailed on Tuesday has the following personnel:—

214 officers, 406 women and children and 900 B.O.R.s.

Amongst the senior officers embarking on "Windrush" are Major-General Smith, Major-General Lewis, Major-General Temple and Brig. Cunningham.

BURMA BEANS

It has come to the notice of Government that varieties of beans imported from Burma are widely offered for sale in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District as Rangoon or Burma wals. It is in the interest of the consumer to soak these beans for at least 24 hours and boil them for 3 hours before consumption.

BIG POWERS URGED TO STOP DIPLOMATIC WAR

Trygve Lie's Warning To UNO: "It Is Fear Which Is The Great Danger"

FLUSHING, Sept. 23. (U. P. A.): Trygve Lie Warned the Great Powers today that continuation of disunity and suspicion of each other will wreck the United Nations and lead to war.

In a solemn address closing the general debate at the Assembly, Secretary-General Lie appealed to the Great Powers, especially the United States and the Soviets, to abandon their diplomatic war and "show a willingness to compromise.

NEED FOR PEACE

"Without such will, without co-operation and agreement, let me emphasise that no mechanism for the maintenance of international peace and security, however perfect, can be effective". He said that it was "impossible and intolerable" to think that the differences so flagrantly displayed here during the last week between the United States and the U.S.S.R. should be allowed to lead to another war. All nations wanted to prevent another war but, he added ominously, the "greatest difficulty lies in the fact that the Great Powers suspect each other or each other's intentions. It is fear which is the great danger. Fear breeds hate and hate breeds danger".

REPLY TO BRITISH DELEGATE

Lie's speech was moderate and frank in sharp contrast to the vituperative tone of those members who had preceded him. It contained a sharp, indirect rebuke to British delegate Hector McNeil who yesterday tossed Big Power unity aside and casually characterized unity as only "nostalgic nonsense or dangerous dishonesty".

Lie recalled the Churchill-Roosevelt-Stalin pledge at Yalta to maintain unity in the years to come and the admission of those great war leaders that only with continuing co-operation and understanding could peace be realized. But, he added, since then the powers had wandered far from that spirit. He made the following additional points:

VETO—"These conflicts and differences do not result from the veto issue. The veto issue is more a symptom than a cause". The United States and Britain had alleged that Russian "abuse" of the veto was the root cause of much of the world's troubles.

THE MARSHALL PLAN—The world's economic problems cannot be dealt with piecemeal because the "world is economic" and its economic requirements can only be fulfilled by "full international co-operation".

UNITED NATIONS MEMBERSHIP—The principle of universality must be applied and vetoed applicants should be brought into the United Nations at once.

Lie's appeal to the United States and the U.S.S.R. to compromise their differences got a cold reception. Only light applause greeted Lie in contrast to the thunderous applause given the fighting statements made by East and West spokesmen.

India's C-in-C Tours E. Punjab

Situation Improving: Delhi Quiet

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23. (A.P.I.): General Sir Rob Lockhart, Commander-in-Chief, India who is on a tour of inspection of East Punjab, had discussions at Jullundur this morning with the Governor of the East Punjab, Sir Chandulal Trivedi.

From Jullundur he flew to Amritsar, where he inspected the Military Evacuation Organisation.

General Lockhart is expected to proceed to Lahore from Amritsar.

CARIAPPA'S VISIT

To gain first-hand knowledge of the situation, Major-General K. M. Cariappa, Deputy Chief of the General Staff, visited Dehra Dun, Muzaffarnagar and Meerut and returned to Delhi last night.

The newly-formed R. I. A. F. detachment, stationed in Amritsar, which works in co-ordination with the M. E. O. was inspected yesterday by Air Commodore S. Mukherjee. Deputy Air Commander, R. I. A. F.

EAST PUNJAB SITUATION IMPROVING

The general situation in East Punjab continues to improve. In western districts large-scale movements of refugees and occasional attacks on refugees in rural areas are reported. Troops fired on the attackers, inflicting casualties.

Seventeen fresh cases of cholera, including eight deaths occurred in Fazilka, Ferozepore District. Some cases of cholera have also been reported from Kangra and the Indian portion of Gurdaspur District. At Ludhiana railway station there were two cases of cholera amongst the refugees.

East Punjab: The situation in Simla is quiet and under control. patrolling continues in Hodal, Gurdaon and Palwal area, from where no incidents have been reported.

A Muslim refugee convoy of approximately 50,000 left Amritsar on September 20. No attack is reported on the convoy.

20,000 Muslim evacuees have moved from Beas to Kilchian.

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): Hoshiarpur, Kangra, Ludhiana, Rohtak and Gurgaon districts remained quiet, says a 'communique' issued by the East Punjab Government to-night.

Village Dhoa Khurd in Amritsar district, the 'communique' adds, was attacked by a mob of two hundred strong.

A refugee train which arrived at Amritsar from Pindidad Khan yesterday was attacked at Saranpur and Harbanspura on the way. Of the 3,500 persons who boarded the train only 2,000 reached Amritsar. One hundred and fifty girls have been abducted.

In Gurdaspur only a minor incident took place.

Ambala district is on the whole quiet.

A minor clash is reported from Kartarpur in Jullundur district.

ARMY OFFICER SHOT DEAD

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): A big haveli in Muftiwala in Rewari was searched recently and nine country-made bombs, one airgun and some farsas were recovered. Generally there is tension in Amritsar which was caused by an attack on a refugee train at Mogharpura on the night of 21/22 September.

An Indian army officer was shot in his quarter on September 20 at Kasauli. The assailant or assailants could not be apprehended. A court of enquiry is being held.

United Provinces—Isolated stabbing cases are reported from Mussoorie and minor fires from Dehra Dun.

West Punjab: At Pasrur, Sialkot district, a retired official was murdered along with his family. At Abhianwala, two miles south-east of Nankana Sahib, Sheikhupura district, a convoy of refugees was attacked. The escort opened fire, killing one and wounding two.

DELHI QUIET

Delhi: The situation remains quiet. But patrolling continues. A person was caught in New Delhi area carrying two grenades in a gramophone box. A fire reported at Mori Gate area was extinguished by military patrols. In the Sadar Bazar area one person was stabbed.

The military opened fire, injuring one man, to disperse an unruly mob that had collected this morning in a Mohalla in the Hauz Kazi area.

Earlier, two corpses with stab wounds were found in this Mohalla.

MILITARY ZONES

More than eight Indian Army Units are operating in Delhi and New Delhi in aid of the Civil Power and the situation is now under control, says a statement issued by the Directorate of Information, Army Headquarters, India.

For effective operations Delhi has been divided into four zones. Each in command of a Commander who is responsible for dealing with any situation in his zone. The zonal Commanders have allotted to companies of troops areas in which they carry out extensive patrolling.

R.I.A.F. personnel stationed here have also been detailed for patrol duties, and so are officers and men at Air Headquarters, India.

GOVT.'S ASSURANCE TO MUSLIMS

At a brief sitting of the Delhi Emergency Committee to-day the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, referred to the help he was receiving from non-official leaders in Government's efforts to induce Muslims to go back to their homes. During his visits to predominantly Muslim areas in the past two days he had conferred with many Muslim leaders and with their assistance had addressed large gatherings on the arrangements made by Government to preserve law and order. He had assured them that Government would give every facility they required to lead a normal life. In collaboration with the military and police, effective measures for their protection had now been secured.

MULTAN ORDER

MULTAN, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): The District Magistrate, Multan, in a order declares that the Government shall not recognise any unlawful possession of or transaction relating to moveable or immovable property left by non-Muslim evacuees.

ARMS RECOVERED

WARDHA, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): About 25 cartridges, one pistol, 45 daggers and two swords were recovered in house searches carried out by Wardha police at Hinganghat, a town about 20 miles from Wardha, last evening.

BOMB THROWN FROM RAILWAY COMPARTMENT

HARDWAR, Sept. 23 (U.P.I.): Four persons were killed and seven injured when a bomb was thrown on the platform from one of the railway compartments occupied by members of a particular community travelling from Dehra Dun just as the 10 Down Dehra Dun-Howrah Express departed last night.

The train could not be stopped at Hardwar but was held up at Laksar where the Collector and the Superintendent of the Police rushed from Saharanpur and searched the bogies, from where a rifle, a pistol and cartridges were recovered. Eight persons, it is stated, were arrested.

The situation in Western United Provinces remains tense.

KHUHRO TO TOUR SIND

KARACHI, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Khuhro, the Sind Premier, who had cut short his 'goodwill tour' of the province on account of the recent disturbances in Karachi, will resume the tour on September 25. He will visit Larkana, Jacobabad, Shikarpur and Dadu and is expected back in Karachi on October 2.

City Quiet

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"All is quiet in the city so far", says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay.

Collective fines have been levied on the inhabitants of the following localities as shown below in connection with the disturbances in Bombay:—

Rs. 1,420 on one hotel, nine shops and 21 tenements from a group of three buildings from Bhawanishankar Road, Dadar and Rs. 2,070 on 19 shops and 56 tenements from a group of two buildings from Suparibaug Road, Bhoiwada.

The order imposing curfew on certain areas in Kurla, issued on September 17, has been extended for a further period of four days from today.

The hours of curfew remain the same, viz., from 8 p.m. to 6 a.m.

ARMED ROBBERY IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): Another armed robbery—the fifth during the current month—was committed this afternoon in North Calcutta. It is reported that four young men, armed with revolvers attacked a motor van engaged in collecting money from Government ration shops and carried away Rs. 4,000 by firing at the driver who has been taken to hospital.

One more arrest was made to-day by the Special Branch Police in connection with the first armed robbery committed during this month in the city, bringing the total number of arrests in this case to about 20.

TARA SINGH'S APPEAL

AMRITSAR, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): Master Tara Singh and Udham Singh Nagoke in a joint statement to-day appeal to Hindus and Sikhs to stop all retaliation.

The statement says: "We do not hesitate to admit that our brethren, Sikhs and Hindus, have also been guilty of most shameful attacks upon women and children in the communal warfare which is still continuing. Human nature shudders to thinks of these atrocities and we do not like to repeat these and thus give a shock to the world.

We tried our best and we are trying our best to prevent our brethren from falling into the low tactics. We therefore appeal to our brethren, Hindus and Sikhs, to halt and stop all retaliation.

INDIAN UNION REFUGEES IN NIZAM'S CAPITAL

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 23, (A.P.I.): About 150 refugees, men, women and children, from some of the States and Provinces in the Indian Union arrived here by the Delhi Express yesterday. A few lorries in charge took them to Erragadda to be accommodated in camps where, it was stated, there were already about 1,000 refugees.

Some of the refugees from Gwalior State and the Central Provinces told the Associated Press of India that persons of a particular community there were being disarmed and their houses were being searched by the police, assisted by the military.

Govt. To Uphold Prestige Of Industrial Court

Nanda Says Workers Went On Strike Inspite Of His Assurances

BOMBAY, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): "If we are unable to prevent the setting at naught of an award of the Industrial Court by illegal pressure or coercion, at the hands of a party or section, Government will be powerless to protect the workers themselves against encroachments by the employers on the rights and privileges which the workers have secured under the various laws and awards," declared Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, who arrived in Bombay this evening from Poona to take stock of the strike situation.

CONFERENCE WITH LABOUR OFFICIALS

Mr. Nanda conferred with heads of the Labour Department and other officials. The discussions which lasted over an hour covered, it is understood, the various aspects of the labour strike and the possible effects it will have on the city.

It is understood that the Labour Minister conveyed his impressions to the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai at Poona.

NANDA'S REQUEST TO KAMGAR UNION

"Two days ago", Mr. Nanda said, "I informed representatives of the Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) that I had asked the textile industry to furnish me immediately with precise data regarding the wage position of the drawers-in in the local mills and assured them that these figures would be published so that a clear picture as to how this section of workers would fare under the award, could be presented to the public. I had offered them to find out if there was any legitimate means to afford them relief if a case of real hardship was disclosed. Inspite of these assurances, the Girni Kamgar Union hastened to bring about a strike."

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT

Mr. Nanda emphasised that industrial conditions in this province are at present regulated by the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act, 1938. "At the instance and on the instence of the workers in the industry the question of standardisation and increase in wages was referred to the Industrial Court for arbitration. The Industrial Court has now given its award. The Act provides that, while the award remains in force, any contravention of the terms of the award on the part of the employers would be an illegal change, and a stoppage by workers is similar circumstances would amount to an illegal strike. It is however open to the parties to terminate the operation of the award by giving six months' notice under Section 73 (1) of the Act. An occasion may arise when labour, or any section thereof, finds that an award is not fully satisfactory from its standpoint.

DUTY OF THE PEOPLE

"If in such a case, the workers are free to stop work in violation of the award, the employers are also, in their turn, refuse to carry out an award if they found it irksome for themselves. This will inevitably strike at the root of the whole machinery of arbitration as admitted by the Industrial Court. If the people who are the ultimate authority for all legislation in a democracy find that a piece of legislation fails to fulfil the ends of justice or of social welfare, they are at liberty to scrap or replace it by something better through their representatives in the legislature. As long, however, as the law remains, not to enforce it would be a direct invitation to chaos and anarchy.

"In the interest of public peace and good Government and the general good of the workers, the industry and the community, it is the sacred duty of Government to counteract attempts to ruin the prestige of an award or to overthrow the authority of the Industrial Court. This duty will be done. I am confident, we have the co-operation of the working class, its leaders, the press and the public in general in the performance of this duty."

GOVT.'S PLAN TO FIGHT POVERTY

Gadgil's Speech At Indian Merchants' Chamber

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"Sufficiency of food and clothing and assurance of justice to one and all form the criterion of good and lasting government, and we shall have such a Government," observed the Hon'ble Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, in Bombay to-day while assuring the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber of Government's determination to go the whole hog with various ameliorative projects irrespective of financial gains.

Replying to Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi's welcome speech on behalf of the Chamber, Mr. Gadgil gave an account of the steps being taken by his department at the cost of red tape to tackle the basic problems of housing, irrigation and power generation with a view to fighting poverty and want.

HOUSING PROBLEM

He also informed the committee that his department had succeeded to a certain extent in obtaining housing relief, and basic building materials such as cement, timber and steel would shortly be made available to a practicable extent for non-official purposes in certain proportions.

RIVER DEVELOPMENT

Referring to various power generation projects, Mr. Gadgil stated that the general pattern of these multi-purpose river development schemes had been settled long ago and a priority scheme had now been fixed. Cereals costing Rs. 110 crores annually were imported in India, and the country's monetary credits would fast disappear at this rate. Government was, therefore, trying to secure more food supplies internally to achieve self-sufficiency through these irrigational projects.

The Minister assured the committee that financial considerations of dividends will not be permitted to serve as impediments in fulfilling such ameliorative multi-purpose projects which after all paid moral dividends by fighting poverty and squalor.

Referring to the Electricity Supply Bill on the legislative anvil, Mr. Gadgil said it will be pushed ahead with due modifications during the next few weeks. He assured the interests involved that Government had absolutely no desire to expropriate any interests without proper compensation.

GOVT.'S POLICY

Government's policy would not be materially different from that chalked out in the Congress Election Manifesto, and he reiterated that only key industries would be nationalised after the fullest possible consideration from various angles; but he could not say yet as to what particular form it may take.

The Minister left for Poona on Tuesday night.

ELECTRICITY GRID SYSTEM

The electricity grid system in Bombay was discussed by the Hon'ble Mr. N. V. Gadgil with Mr. P. B. Advani, Special Officer (Electric Grid) of the Government of Bombay, on Monday.

Several problems relating to this Bombay Government scheme were reviewed. Reactions of the local electricity supply undertakings of the Bombay Government's proposals were also considered and a view was expressed that the recent clarification of the Bombay Government's views should dissipate any misunderstanding on the subject.

In the afternoon, the Hon'ble Mr. Gadgil accompanied by Mr. D. L. Muzumdar, I.C.S., received a deputation from the Federation of Electricity Supply undertakings and discussed with the deputationists various matters relating to the Electricity (Supply) Bill, 1946, which the Government of India proposed to introduce in the forthcoming session of the Central Legislature.

VISHINSKY ACCUSES AMERICA

(Continued from Page 1)

the United States, Vishinsky said Russia was attempting to carry out the Moscow agreements on the independence of Korea and had made proposals on three different occasions, the last only a week ago. But they were rejected by the United States "in spite of the fact that the last proposals concerned matters on which both countries had expressed agreement. The United States must bear the responsibility for the failure of the Joint Commission to carry out the Moscow agreements."

He added that the General Assembly had no legal right to discuss the independence of Korea since the matter also was under the Charter article regarding existing agreements.

EVATT'S ASSERTION

Australian delegate Herbert V. Evatt answered Vishinsky with the assertion that the Assembly had "perfect rights" to discuss anything. He added, "I have as much right as Vishinsky to discuss the Italian treaty here." Evatt said, "I call Vishinsky's attention to the sacrifice of the men of my country long before his country entered the war against Italy."

Ethiopia, the first victim of Italian aggression which the old League of Nations failed to prevent, strongly supported Russian opposition to Argentina's "dangerous" proposal Ethiopian Aklelu Abte Wold denounced the proposal as a "flagrant injustice" to those who had suffered from the Italian aggressors. Wold drew prolonged applause when he joined Russia in attacking the revisionist move. "I can never lend myself to such a manifestly iniquitous proposal," which, if adopted, he said, would be most dangerous because it would establish a precedent on the violation of existing international agreements.

He ended by making a plea to the Assembly to reject the inclusion of the Argentine motion in the agenda.

American delegate Warren Austin insisted the Assembly consider both the Korean problem and revision of the Italian treaty. He said, "The United States blames the U.S.S.R. for the situation in Korea. The U.S.S.R. says 'no the United States is to blame.' But the problem is now who is right and what is right. There has been no progress toward Korean independence in two years. There has been enough evidence shown here for you to assume that both the United States and the U.S.S.R. are partly right but there should be no attempt here to bar the United Nations from making suggestions. Let us not keep the United Nations from performing at least that function."

Argentina's Jose Arce, also disregarding Lie's admonition, answered Vishinsky in kind, snapping: "Where were the Russians when the so-called Hitlerite horde occupied Austria and Czechoslovakia, attacked and destroyed Poland and invaded and conquered France? Russia was exercising her right of neutrality just as Argentina did during the war."

Assembly President Oswaldo Aranha then closed the morning session and postponed the vote until the afternoon.

DISTURBANCE IN SINGAPORE JAIL

SINGAPORE, Sept. 23 (Reuter): A prisoner was killed in disturbances in Outram Road Civil Gaol here last week when remand prisoners refusing to obey orders or return to their cells, began throwing food tins and pieces of concrete torn from drains and parapets at prison officers, Mr. W. B. Oliver, Acting Commissioner of Prisons in Singapore, said to-day.

Prison officers used batons to restore order. The disturbances were due to the temporary withdrawal of certain privileges from remand prisoners after the discovery in the gaol last Thursday of some high explosives, concealment of which the authorities had suspected for some time.

Mr. Oliver denied that there was any attempted break from the gaol as had been reported.

WORLD SUGAR SUPPLY IMPROVES

International Council Announces Temporary Removal Of Control

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23 (Reuter): The International Emergency Food Council has announced at least a temporary removal of control on International trade in sugar due to the improved supply position and the decision by some European countries to import less than previously allocated —notably France is importing only 67,000 short tons against the allocation of 152,000, the I. E. F. C. announcement said that for the time being at least importing countries that wish to increase their takings may do so.

PRIMARY EDUCATION IN BOMBAY

Govt. To Bear Expenditure Of District School Boards

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Government of Bombay propose to introduce a Bill to provide for compulsory primary education to make better provision for the management and control of primary education in the Province of Bombay.

According to the scheme of the Bill the rates of pay and allowances of all staff under the school boards will hereafter be fixed by the Government, since the financial burden in respect of the district school board will, in the main, be borne by the Government.

The Bill also empowers Government to nominate a few persons experienced in education on the school boards, including one Government Officer. Similarly, representation for the head masters of the primary schools has also been made possible on the provincial board of primary education.

For all school boards provision has been made for the staff to be selected by a Staff Selection Committee. Appeal in respect of the major punishments of dismissal, removal or reduction will be heard by a joint board of the Educational Inspector and the Chairman of the School Board. These measures are intended to ensure efficient selection and working of all the executive staff.

Provision has also been made for the voluntary relinquishment by a district School board of its duties, if it prefers to act in an advisory capacity and also of Taluka Advisory Committee, if the District School Board, so desires.

ADULT EDUCATION SCHEME

Experiment To Be Tried In 25 Villages In Poona Dist.

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Scheme for Adult Education prepared by Mr. Deokule, Educational Superintendent with the Bombay Education Committee, for the spread of literacy in 25 villages near Khed in Poona District and estimated to cost about Rs. 2,000 has been approved by the Government of Bombay as an experimental measure.

The scheme aims at making 2,000 adults literate withon a period of six months. The first two months will, among other things, be devoted to the preliminary work of propaganda, selection of worker and training of teachers. A feature of the scheme is that children will be employed to help adults to learn the art of reading.

Role Of Art In World Peace

Mrs. Wadia Emphasises Cultivation Of Love

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Leading cultural organisations in the city welcomed the Indo-British Goodwill and Cultural Mission now in Bombay at a public meeting at the Town Hall this afternoon.

Mrs. Sophia Wadia, who presided, said that the visit of the Cultural Mission would be greatly appreciated in this country as the value of such cultural relations between different countries could not be overestimated.

Emphasising the importance of Art in creating goodwill between different peoples of the world, Mrs. Wadia observed that Art knew no barriers of colour, race, religion or country and it had a language of its own which could be understood by all. Mrs. Wadia added that of all the arts the Art of Love was the greatest and lasting peace and prosperity in the world could result only through the cultivation of Love.

Sir Rustom Masani, speaking on behalf of the Indian Institute for Educational and Cultural Co-operation, expressed the Institute's appreciation of the visit of the Mission.

Declaring that leaders of the world had failed to fulfil their declarations holding out hopes of peace, freedom and equality, Sir Rustom observed that the reason for their failure was that they ignored the ideals underlying their declarations. He added that if the leaders went wrong, the people whom they represented should educate them and equip them for their difficult tasks. Towards this end there should be a day to day effort to inspire people in every highway and byway of the world to embrace the ideal of human solidarity and world co-operation.

A SUGGESTION

Dr. D. G. Vyas, who welcomed the Mission on behalf of Bombay artists and said that previous goodwill missions which visited this country missed the importance of Art in creating understanding between different countries. He hoped that this Mission would keep an eye on the best artistic works of the country and study how every province had contributed to the revival of the glorious traditions of ancient Indian art.

Dr. Vyas requested the Mission to explain to India the position assigned to art and artist in the western countries as artists in this country were not yet considered worthy of being appointed to the committees which were formed to deal with subjects relating to art.

Swami Sambudhananda of the Ramkrishna Mission, Bombay, also spoke and welcomed the Mission.

Swami Avyaktananda, leader of the Mission thanked the various organisations for the welcome accorded to them and hoped that free India would have close cultural relations with Britain in the years to come.

Among the organisations which took part in the welcome were the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, Sir J. J. School of Art, Art Society of India, K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Progressive Group, and the Bombay Art Society.

Unberthed Passengers

Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company, Agents British India Steam Navigation Company, in the course of press note say:—

In the gradual replacement of war losses and of out of date vessels by new ships, every effort has naturally been made by the British India Steam Navigation Company to provide improved accommodation for passengers, incorporating every device that modern science has made and continues to make possible. In these efforts, the comfort and welfare of the unberthed passenger has had a prominent place and in vessels like the "Dumra" and "Sangola", recently completed and now on service, much attention has been devoted to accomplishing this purpose. The "Dumra" built for the India-Persian Gulf Service, and the "Sangola" for the Calcutta-Straits-China service, have been specially fitted for the carriage of unberthed passengers, who will find that the decks allocated to them are spacious and well ventilated, an important matter when travelling under tropical conditions. Not only is there natural ventilation but a complete system of mechanical ventilation has also been installed, ensuring a welcome current of fresh air at all times. Washing and toilet facilities are on a generous scale, including an ample supply of showers. Cooking equipment is modern and more than adequate and is placed throughout the ship so as to avoid congestion; it is well fitted also to take care of the varying types of passenger each with its particular needs. Hospital facilities are most important on such vessels and adequate arrangements have been made for the sick of each sex.

Muslim Exodus From U. P. And Bombay

KARACHI, Sept. 22 (API.) Mr. Ghaznafar Ali Khan, Pakistan Minister, has revealed that a large number of Muslims from the big industrial towns in U.P. and Bombay have migrated to Pakistan.

The following is the text of the statement:

"Despite Mr. Gandhi's emphatic pronouncements at the daily prayer meetings in Delhi and the unequivocal declarations of the Prime Ministers of Pakistan and Hindustan to the effect that exchange of population is not the policy of the two Governments and that Hindus and Muslims should not migrate from their respective Dominions, the refugee problem is getting more and more complicated every day and the number of refugees is daily increasing.

"That the movement is spreading rapidly to areas hitherto unaffected is clear from the fact that a large number of Muslims from big industrial towns of the United Provinces and Bombay have also migrated; at least those who could afford to charter planes or engage other expensive methods of transport are to be found in thousands in Karachi.

Therefore, it is high time that all those persons who are not interested in creating and maintaining chaos in the two Dominions should seriously consider how to check this stampede. Except in areas where there has been lawlessness on a large scale, the chief reason for this panic and exodus, I feel, is more psychological than real.

AREAS PROPOSED

"The country's attention at present is focussed on migration which is taking place in the Punjab and several other places. The question is how to divert the people's attention. The only way which appeals to me is that both Dominions should select certain areas in West and East Punjab for resettlement and rehabilitation of their own nationals. Subject to closer scrutiny of the proposal I suggest that the Indian Dominion and the East Punjab Government should select Ambala division for this purpose, while the Pakistan Dominion and the West Punjab Government should select Rawalpindi Division. If we could concentrate on this work of rehabilitation in these two areas, the country's attention would be focussed on rehabilitation and resettlement and this move will have a tremendous psychological effect.

AN APPEAL

"Therefore, I earnestly appeal to the leaders of the Congress and the Muslim League to undertake this very difficult, but useful, task immediately and see what success can be achieved in this direction. The situation is deteriorating so rapidly that no time should be lost in taking practical measures to overcome this great crisis which is seriously jeopardising the political status and economic structure of both Hindustan and Pakistan."

I.R.A. LEADER RE-ARRESTED

BELFAST, September 23. (Reuter): David Fleming, leader of the Irish Republican Army, who has returned here contrary to the undertaking he was alleged to have given on his release from prison, and who has been re-arrested, may resume the hunger-strike stated to have brought him "to point of death" before his release.

Fleming was sentenced to 12 years' penal servitude for treason and felony, but was released in November last after serving only four years, because of the state a series of intermittent hunger-strikes had reduced him to.

It was a condition of his release that he should not return to Northern areland for eight years, but, restored to health at his home in Killarney, he returned here by plane on Saturday night.

His friends say he had resolved to die "for his faith".

KARACHI, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): Sardar K. M. Pannikar, Prime Minister of Bikaner, arrived in Karachi from New Delhi last night and left for London early this morning on his way to New York to attend the regular session of the United Nations General Assembly as a member of the Indian Delegation.

END THIS ORGY

Suhrawardy's Appeal To Hindus And Muslims

KARACHI, September 23. (A.P.I.): A fervent call to Hindus, Muslims and others to cry a halt to the terrible orgy which has resulted in so many deaths, atrocities and misery to millions and try to help the Governments of India and Pakistan in restoring peace and confidence, was made by Mr. Shaheed Suhrawardy, former Premier of Bengal, in a statement to the Associated Press of India here this evening.

PANT CONGRATULATED

Mr. Suhrawardy said: I should like to offer my congratulations to Pandit Pant on his statement, and I hope that he will be backed up by his officers, by the police and by the military.

I hope that joint peace committees and joint peace volunteer corps will be formed throughout India, wherever Hindus and Muslims live side by side, and each one of them will take a vow to preserve peace or die in the attempt. If this is done, no one will be able to destroy communal harmony from within or without.

Horrible things have taken place all over and everyone should be ashamed of them, whatever the relative proportion of the incidents. So let us stop these charges and counter-charges, which help nobody but merely increase bitterness.

Let us also stop attacking the governments but try and help them in restoring peace and confidence.

APPEAL TO TARA SINGH

The Punjab has been sorely stricken. Let us all help the Punjab to get on its feet and let the rest of India, Hindus and Muslims, beg of the Punjabis to curb their passions, to stop further lawlessness, and not further embroil not only themselves but the whole of India in the flame of mutual extinction. All those striving for peace and unity must be sorry that Master Tara Singh has come out with a statement fraught with untold mischief. I beg of him, in the name of all that is holy, to come out with a statement calling upon his Sikh jathas to stop further marauding, as the Hindu and Muslim leaders have done.

BRITISH FINANCE EXPERT TO ADVISE PAKISTAN

KARACHI, Sept. 23 (A.P.I.): Mr. St. John Turner, Adviser to the Bank of England, arrived in Karachi yesterday by air from London.

He has, it is understood, come on the invitation of the Pakistan Government to advise on financial matters.

He will be meeting Quaid-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Finance Minister, and Sir Archibald Rowlands and other officials of the Ministry of Finance shortly.

Mr. St. John Turner is expected to stay in Karachi for about six weeks.

R

For issuing to a customer wheat grains which obviously required further cleaning, Rs. 250/- deposited with Government by DEORAJ GANPAT, Proprietor of Ration Shop No. A/11, Versova Road, Andheri, have been FORFEITED.

For failure to issue cash memo and for non-display of price list of "goldwing" nibs, MALSI AKHA of the Novelty Stores, Grant Road Cross Lane, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100/- or, to undergo in default one month's rigorous imprisonment.

MORE FOOD SHIPS IN CITY HARBOUR

First Priority For Unloading Food Grains

BOMBAY, Sept. 23: Several food ships have arrived at the Bombay Port, some of which have already discharged their cargo.

Wheat flour for the Bombay Province was brought with general cargo by the "Jalakanya" (1,462 tons), the "Mapia" (1,562 tons), the "City of Norwich" (2,103 tons), the "City of Edelvilla" (216 tons) and the "Dalton Hall" (3.585 tons).

The "Fort Glenora" has brought 9,044 tons of Australian wheat for supplies to Bombay, Gwalior and the Central India Staees. The "Dragmoor" has brought 8,411 tons of Australian wheat which will be distributed to the Central Provinces, Hyderabad, Deccan States, Gwalior, Rewa and the Central India States. The "Francis Drake" has brought 9,900 tons of U.S.A. wheat which has been allocated among others to the Central Provinces, Ajmer, Baroda, Gwalior, Rewa and the Central India States.

MILO SHIPS

Milo has been brought by several ships. Of these, the "Charles C. Jones" has already left after discharging 9,570 tons. The "Jalakanya" brought 7,856 tons, the "James W. Johnson" 9,304 tons, the "William H. Wilmer" 9,515 tons and the Milton J. Foreman" 9,500 tons. These shipments are for distribution to the various areas served by the Bombay Port, a large proportion being for the Bombay Province. Burma rice was brought by the "Havildar" (7,500 tons)

PRIORITY TO FOOD

The highest priority has been given by the Bombay Trust to the berthing of food ships. No less than eight are discharging their precious cargo today and only two—the "Mehronda" which arrived on September 20 and the "Milton J. Foreman" which arrived only this morning—are waiting in stream. They will secure berths in a day or two.

The Government of Bombay, acting as agents of the Government of India are rushing these supplies to the recipient administration with the utmost expedition.

MILLIONS IN FAR EAST FACE STARVATION

STRATFORD-ON-AVON (Warwickshire), Sept. 22 (Reuter): Pressure of population upon resources in the Far East is so extreme that starvation for millions is a possibility that cannot be ignored, the institute of Pacific relation declared tonight at the conclusion of a fourteen-day study of problems of the Pacific area and the Far East.

An official statement issued after the conference declared:

"One of the factors which increases the risk of such a major disaster as starvation was the destruction of the means of communication in so many countries during the war, which greatly augmented the difficulties of transporting food from such surplus areas as existed to deficit areas. The reconstruction and improvement of communications is therefore of great importance"

The conference found the decline in food production, particularly in the exporting areas of the Far East as a direct result of the war, had been very marked.

Burma, Siam and Indo-China in 1946 had a total exportable surplus of only 1,500,000 tons of rice as against an average of some 7,000,000 tons before the war and it was essential that this deficit should be made good.

"At the same time", the statement continued, "the growth of population in the area as a whole, particularly if India is included in it as it must be for this purpose, makes a restoration to a pre-war level of production wholly insufficient to maintain even the low pre-war standard of life".

The conference recognised that each country in the Far East must decide its own agricultural and industrial policy but that the Allied powers had a particular responsibility in relation to Japan.

16 Banks In U.P. Prosecuted

Failed To Implement Industrial Disputes Awards

LUCKNOW, Sept. 22, (API): The U. P. Government is taking action against those firms and commercial houses who have failed to implement Government awards on industrial disputes relating to their concerns from time to time.

Seven Banks in Allahabad and nine Banks in Cawnpore have already been prosecuted in this connection.

All prosecutions for failure to implement Government awards are all under the U. P. Industrial Disputes Ordinance 1947, Section 14 of which makes contravention punishable with imprisonment up to three years with fine or both.

Jam Saheb's Appeal To Junagadh

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22: Declaring that Junagadh's accession to Pakistan was "danger to the peace of India," His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar to-day demanded that on such a vital issue the Nawab of Junagadh should abide by his people's wishes. A plebiscite should be held, the sooner the better—within a fortnight at the most.

Although it had been stated that the Junagadh Government had assured the States Department of a fair deal and proper treatment of the Hindus of Junagadh, His Highness went on, "we who know what is going on are convinced that no reliance can be placed on them and that every attempt will be made to Muslimise the Hindu population and the Hindu territory. Already we have heard horrowing tales of abductions, rapes, conversions, dispossession of property, removal of Hindus from services and their exclusion from the military and police, desecration of temples and partiality in the matter of business and state patronage. Even the local Muslims are not getting their share and the administration is completely ridden by Mussalmans from Sind, the Punjab and Baluchistan.

Businessmen and merchants are leaving Junagadh and withdrawing from banks and, daily thousands of refugees are coming in from Junagadh into adjoining territories of Nawanagar, Bhavanagar, Porbandar, Rajkot, Gondal and Baroda. Every man entering into and leaving Junagadh is searched and the strictest watch is maintained over all visitors."

APPEAL TO RECONSIDER DECISION

The Jam Sahib begged of the Nawab of Junagadh to reconsider his decision and he requested the Muslim ruler of states which had acceded to the Dominion of India to exert themselves and see that Junagadh too the right decision so as to avoid conflict which otherwise seemed inevitable and which would certainly deteriorate into an inter-communal conflict with disastrous consequences to all. His Highness particularly wanted to prevent the two dominions from entering into a conflict with each other in the first two months of their coming into existence. "A peaceful solution can still be found by holding a plebiscite and abiding by its result.

Although his appeal seemed to be entirely in favour of the Hindus, actually he was protecting the Muslims, "because if communal disturbances start in Kathiawar, it will be the Muslims who will be wiped out. I as a ruler have to protect both Hindus and Muslims and my appeal which may sound pro-Hindu is actually in its effect pro-Muslim."

The Jam Sahib mentioned that his state now had 2,000 refugees from the Punjab. 2,000 from Sind and when he left on September 19, 5,000 from Junagadh. More refugees were coming in from Junagadh.

A Correspondent asked whether the Government of India, to whom the Jam Sahib was appealing to act, was not committed to non-violence. The Jam Sahib remarked, "then God help us."

Shahriar In London

LONDON AIRPORT, Sept. 22, (Reuter): Dr. Sutan Shahriar, Ambassador at large of the Indonesian Repuolic, arrived here tonight after putting his country's case to the United Nations Security Council in New York.

Dr. Shahriar told reporters that the Security Council findings had not come up to his expectations.

"But I think it is a plan that can work," he said. "and it will, to a large extent, put an end to large scale fighting.

"I welcome the fact that a commission has been appointed to go into the whole dispute and I hope it will have the desired effect.

"It is not enough that Indonesia shall be free in name. She must also have economic freedom to form her own relations with other countries which may be better able to satisfy her needs than Holland".

He said he was particularly interested in the way in which Britain had solved many of her colonial problems and felt that other countries had "much to learn in this respect".

Dr. Shahriar looked well and cheerful after his journey. He was accompanied by Hadji Agoe Salim, Indonesian Minister for Foreign Affairs and was met at the airport by Dr. Soebandrio, Official Representative of the Indonesian republic, Mr. A. S. Lall, Indian Trade Commissioner who represented the Indian High Commissioner, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Mr. Van Rham, Viet Nam Delegate and several members of the India League.

Nepali National Congress Withdraws Satyagraha

Biseweswar Prasad Calls For Establishment Of Responsible Govt.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23 (API): The need for immediate establishment of a responsible Government in Nepal was stressed by Mr. Biseweswar Prasad Koirala, former President of the Nepali National Congress, at a press conference to-day.

Mr. Koirala was arrested in connection with the Satyagraha movement in Nepal and was recently released from Katmandu jail.

Mr. Koirala said as a result of the Satyagraha movement in Nepal State His Highness the Maharaja of Nepal had made a declaration that the demands of the people would be met and a scheme of reforms satisfactory to them would be introduced.

The Nepali National Congress had called off the Satyagraha movement on the understanding that all political prisoners would be released forthwith but there were still about 50 political prisoners in jails.

Mr. Koirala continued that it was likely that the promised reforms would be announced in October. They were apparently being contemplated on the lines of a Legislative Assembly of 54 members, 27 of whom would be nominated by His Highness, who would have the right to veto over all affairs. The Assembly would have no power to discuss matters relating to the right of succession, foreign affairs and the army.

Mr. Koirala said, however, the Nepali National Congress would await the announcement of the promised reforms and would thereafter decide its course of action. The Congress might be compelled to give a call for a "movement" if the Government went back on their promise and continued to pursue a policy of repression.

Mr. P. T. Borale has been appointed as an additional member on the Bombay City Adult Education Committee.

Mysore Police Arrest Students' Jatha From South India

State Railwaymen Ready To Serve Disturbed Areas Of Punjab

BANGALORE, Sept. 22, (API): A batch of 38 students who arrived here this morning from various parts of South India to participate in the Mysore satyagraha was arrested by the police on the railway platform. Another jatha of nine members was also taken into custody. Demonstrations in some localities continued till late in the evening.

LAW COURTS PICKETED

MYSORE CITY, Sept. 22, (API): Law courts were picketed today by boys who asked lawyers not to go to court. Picketers, however, dispersed on the arrival of the police.

The Indian Union flag was flying over Krishnarajendra Hospital this morning but was later removed by the authorities. Four satyagrahis from Chennapatna who reached Statue Square today were taken into custody by the police.

In Chittaldurg and Davenagere, satyagrahis picketed courts and offices. Six persons were arrested.

READY TO SERVE PUNJAB.

BANGALORE, Sept. 22, (A. P. I.): Four hundred trained railwaymen from Mysore have expressed their readiness to man trains in disturbed areas of the Punjab.

The President of the Mysore State Railway Employees Association has sent a telegram to the Secretary of the Railway Board in Delhi, informing him that 43 drivers, 60 firemen and 76 guards who are among the 11,000 state railway employees now on strike would be prepared to go to the Punjab and run the trains between East and West Punjab.

PAY-COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS TO MYSORE N.-G. O.S.

BANGALORE, Sept. 22, (A. P. I.): The Government of Mysore have passed orders on the recommendations of the Mysore Pay Commission on the salary of non-gazetted officers in state service new scale of pay have been fixed but details about grading up the present incumbents have not yet been worked out.

The Non-Gazetted Officers' Association is meeting shortly to consider the increases.

NEW JOURNAL IN BANGALORE.

BANGALORE, Sept. 22, (A. P. I.): A new paper called "Chikkara" in Kannada appeared today in Bangalore to fully publicise the satyagraha activities. This paper, it is stated, has been published in contravention of the recently promulgated Mysore press emergency action which demands prior permission to start newspapers.

RUMOUR THAT DIDN'T COME TRUE

BANGALORE, Sept. 22, (A. P. I.): Today was the anniversary of the Mysore Maharaja's accession to the throne and there were persistent rumours that the royal proclamation on the future constitutional reforms in the State would be announced. Radios were tuned to 'Akashavani' State broadcasting station in the evening. But the rumours were without foundation.

It is stated that the Dewan has already submitted his proposals to the Maharaja and Maharaja's proclamation will follow soon.

'REACH SETTLEMENT WITH PEOPLE'

MADRAS, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the All-India State People's Conference in a statement on the Mysore satyagraha today advises the Dewan of Mysore "to reach his settlement in good time" with the people of Mysore and make his announcement at the right moment so that "the Dewan and people may still continue to cooperate with one another in fellowship and mutual goodwill."

Declaring that "the obstinacy of the executive has necessitated the inauguration of a movement of colossal proportions in the state to win sub-national independence under the aegis of the Maharaja "Dr. Pattabhi referred to the Dewan as an alien to Mysore and said that "an atmosphere of alienness is perceptible in the halting half-hearted methods of Mysore agreeing to join the Constituent Assembly of India and returning members to it from the upper house and the lower house of the Mysore Legislature separately—a thing unknown in the rest of India". He asserted that to appear to accept a principle and dilute it in operation is perhaps worse than not accepting it all."

INDIAN DELEGATION REJECTS S.A. PROPOSALS

FLUSHING MEADOWS, (New York) Sept. 22, (Reuter) Talks held between Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit and Mr. H. G. Lawrence, Leader of the South African Delegation, were tentative and "the proposals made by the Union Government to the Indian Delegation went no further than proposals contained in the Smuts-Nehru correspondence and were, in fact, if anything of less favourable nature" Mr. Ashwin Choudree, Leader of the South African Passive Resistance Council told Reuter here today.

"The Indian Delegation did even consider the talks good enough for reference to Delhi and fortwith rejected the proposals" he said.

Mr. Choudree thought that the position now was that the deadlock still remained "and the Indian Delegation will go the whole distance to seek redress and implementation of the Nation's resolution of last year."

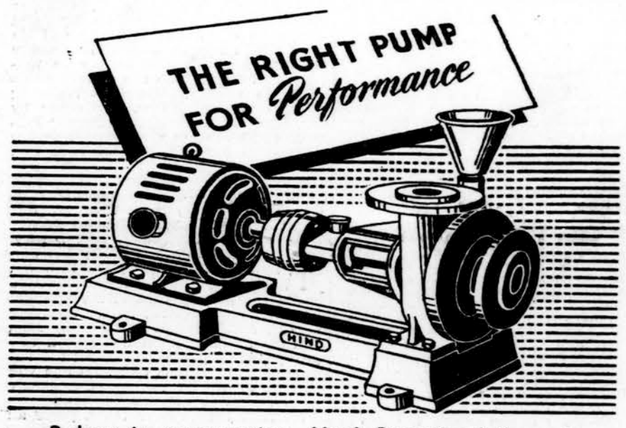
A member of the Indian Delegation told Reuter that he thought the speech by Mr. Hector McNeil, British Minister of State, to the United Nations General Assembly today a very good one "very well delivered and hard-hitting.

"I think his speech will have very good effect", he said "Mr. McNeil made some very good points withe regard to international co-operation."

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Leader of the Indian Delegation said he had no comment to make.

STRENGTHENING THE INDIAN CASE

DURBAN, Sept. 23, (Reuter): The Natal Indian Organisation decided yesterday to send three Durban Indians to help the Pakistan and Indian delegations in presenting the Indian case against South Africa in the United Nations General Assembly.



Robust in construction, Hind Centrifugal Pump is machined to ensure proper assembly. Parts made to standard gauges and jigs facilitate interchanges and renewals. Ball Bearings are deep-grooved to take end thrusts.

Close grained cast iron is used for the Pump body and impeller. Gun Metal impeller can be had against special order.

HIND STEEL CORPORATION
LIMITED
H. O. & Works : **Near Wireless Station, Worli, Bombay.**
(Telephone No. 46121)
Branch : **28, Foras Road, Bombay.**

HSC 101 GREENS' ADVTG.

Your tongue is perhaps the world's most delicate taste recording instrument. It reacts unfavourably against anything that tastes bad to it. Most purgatives leave a bad taste in the mouth; but not Swastik's Medicinal Castor Oil. It is not only tasteless but odourless and colourless too. Get a bottle today !

SWASTIK
MEDICINAL CASTOR OIL
Unmatched For Quality
SWASTIK OIL MILLS LIMITED
WADALA BOMBAY

BOM-13

Hindusthan Mercantile Bank LIMITED
HEAD OFFICE : 10, CLIVE ROW, CALCUTTA
is noted for
SERVICE • SECURITY • SOUNDNESS
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..Rs.1 CRORE
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....Rs.50 LACS
BOMBAY BRANCH: 63, MEADOWS STREET.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES THROUGHOUT INDIA
CHAIRMAN : SETH MOHANLAL JALAN ● GENERAL MANAGER : S. C. MAJUMDAR

IN INDIA'S GREAT CITIES and every tiny village
'ASPRO'
is welcomed as
THE FAMILY MEDICINE
As a tried and trusted friend—THE HEALTH PROTECTOR FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY. That is how 'ASPRO' has been greeted on its return to every city and tiny village throughout India.
The whole world knows the soothing, healing service 'ASPRO' renders. Now you need no longer suffer pain or illness. For NATURE MEANS YOU TO BE WELL and 'ASPRO' is here to give Nature the help she sometimes needs in times of emergency. Millions have experienced the truly remarkable way 'ASPRO' SOOTHES PAIN, HEADACHES, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM IN A FLASH—DISPELS FEVER, COLDS AND 'FLU IN ONE NIGHT. Yet 'ASPRO' is so pure and safe that you can use it even for children's ailments.
So cast aside harmful drugs—refuse worthless imitations. MAKE SURE YOU GET GENUINE 'ASPRO'. If your local medicine dealer has not received stocks of 'ASPRO', please let us know. We will make sure he is quickly supplied.
MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD CAN DISPEL PAIN AND FEVER WITH 'ASPRO'
'ASPRO' DOES NOT HARM THE HEART OR STOMACH
THE PERSON WHO CAN READ AND TELLS THOSE WHO CANNOT READ, PERFORMS A USEFUL AND GENEROUS SERVICE TO HIS FELLOW MAN.
MAKE SURE YOU GET GENUINE 'ASPRO'
WHAT 'ASPRO' DOES
Stops HEADACHES in 5 minutes.
Relieves RHEUMATISM in one night.
Reduces FEVER in few minutes.
Stops TOOTHACHE and NEURALGIA
Soothes AWAY ACHES and PAINS.
Brings SWEET SLEEP to the sleepless.
Soothes AWAY IRRITABILITY.
Stops WOMAN'S PAINS.
As a gargle it dispels SORE THROATS.
Breaks up COLDS and INFLUENZA.
Quickest remover of DENGUE FEVER.
Gets rid of EPIDEMIC COMPLAINTS.
MADE IN ENGLAND
ASPRO
BANISHES COLDS & 'FLU
EVERY 'ASPRO' TABLET IS PROTECTED AGAINST DAMPNESS, DIRT AND DETERIORATION BY THE WONDERFUL 'SEALTITE' WRAPPING
REFUSE ALL IMITATIONS
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Distributors: J. L. MORISON, SON & JONES (INDIA) LTD. P. O. BOX 258, BOMBAY ('Phone: 30958) and Branches

News From City Markets

BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

The Bombay Stock Exchange witnessed two sided price movement. In the initial stage there was active short-covering and scattered buying but the improvement in quotation induced increased profit-taking which not only erased earlier gain but recorded moderate losses. This shows that the urgent short covering is over the market making an attempt to renew the main downward trend.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1640 and after advancing to Rs 1660 down turned at Rs. 1610 Tata Ord. shares opened at Rs. 336 and improved to Rs. 338 but declined at Rs. 331. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1030 and after improving at Rs. 1057 8as. quietened at Rs. 1022 8as. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 544 and advanced at Rs. 554 at which level offerings increased and Kohinoors touched Rs. 538 and steadied at Rs. 540. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 575 and looked up at Rs. 591 and reacted at Rs. 575. The tone of the market was quiet with uncertain tendency.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 23

The Bullion market was quietly steady with limited business passing in conjunction with slightly increased selling in Silver forward Silver opened at Rs. 166-8 and declined at Rs. 165-12. Ready Silver was also quoted at Rs. 165-12. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 109-11 and after declining at Rs. 109-10. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 110-4 while Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 73-4.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

The local cotton market was active today with professional support influenced by expectations of possible increase in cloth prices. After early rise the market lost a portion of the improvement on the realising due to fear of strike. At the opening January delivery was quoted at Rs. 463-8as. and firmed up at Rs. 466. At this level realising sales quietened the market at Rs. 464.

March business was done at Rs. 470-8as.

Later on the market was steady with moderate support. September contracts ralied at Rs. 430. The market closed at 4-30 p.m as under.

I. C. C. Jan.	465	6	0
I C. C. March	471	6	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1357 cent point below New York January at Exchange 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Sept. 22.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
January	464	462-3/4	463-1/2
March	469-7/8	469	469-7/8

COTTON TENDERS

On Monday the 22nd 1650 bales were tendered against September contract making a total of 53.500 bales so far.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 22

October	31.58
December	31.30
January nom.	31.43
March	31.34
May	31.22
July	30.62
Middling Spot	32.10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 22

October	31.62
December	31.31
March bid	31.36
May	31.28
July	30.58
Middling Spot	31.30

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22

September 2.64-1/2 to 2.66.
December 2.65-3/4 to 2.66.
March 2.65-1/4 bid.
May 2,60 to 2.60-1/2.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Sept. 22.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103/9 Sept.-Oct.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept. 22.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	82-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	103-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	102-1/4
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	111-5/8
Victory Bonds 4 pc	111-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-1/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	111
National Bank of India	34-1/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,906.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.

American Telephone and Telegraph	159-1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	29-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	35-1/8
Chase National Bank	34-3/4
Sinclair Oil	16
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	51-1/2
General Electric Co.	37
General Motors	59
Ingersol Rand bid	119-5/8
International Nickel	28-1/2
National City Bank of New York	41-1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-7/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16
Texas Corporation	55-7/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	103-3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	49-5/8
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	71-1/8
Western Union Telegraph	25-7/8

U. S. SILVER.

New York, Sept. 22.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 70-7/8 cent.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

Bombay, Sept. 23.

MILLS

Apollo 3/14/6 3/14 4 3/15
Bharat 50/8
B. Dyeing 1025 60 32/8 35 22/8 25
C. India 283 91 80 83
Elphinstone Ord. 81
Finlay 292 95/8 90
Gokak 313 25 16 20 17 18
I. U. Defd. 2/13 2/12 2/13 2/12
I. U. Ord. 15/1 15/7 14/14
Indore 545 55 50 52/8 48/12
Kohinoor 545 55 40
Madhusudan 270 80
Meyer 217/8 20 18/12 21/4
Model 184/8 86/4
Morarji 510 15 12/8
New Great 356 54 55 57
Podar 310
Simplex 225 24 31 21/8 25
Swadeshi 570 87 83 92 86 89 75 78 72 73
Tata Mills 74

BANKS

Baroda 159/8
Central 87/8 88 86/12 87
Imperial Old 2215 2200
Imperial New 555
India 236/8 36 37
Reserve 116 16/8
Union 10/2
U. Commercial 69 70 68

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 14/14 42/8 40/10
Andhra Valley 158Q 73/12
B. Tram Ord. 123/12 22/8 23
Hydro 172/8 75
Power 1715 17/8 12/8 20 18 17/8

INSURANCE

New India 69/8 71
Oriental 6250
Scindia Steam 30/10 30/13 30/2 30/4

STEEL

B. Steel 25/8 25/12 24/12
I. Iron 32/7 32/10 32/7 32/13 31/14 32/1 31/8
Tata Defd. 1637/8 50 43/12 65 7/8 22/8 1592/8 1600 1595 1602/8
Tata Ord. 335 37 36/8 38/8 31/8 32 29/8
Tata 1st Pref. 210/10 7/8
Tata 2nd Pref. 149 49/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 615 5
A. C. C. Old 160/8 59 59/8
A. C. C. New 97 97/4 95/4
Belapur 259 56 59 58 62 57
B. Old 262/8 73/12 62/8 66/4
B. B. New 151/4 50 52/8
B. B. Petrol 3/3 3/4 3/3/6 3/4
I. I. Trust 101
I. Bleaching 134
Port Canning 78 78/8 77
P. Const. 182 84 82 85/8 79 80
Tata Chem. 13/7 13/10 13/6 13/8
Tata Oil 64 64/8
Wimco 261/4 55

SPECIAL

Central Coupon 20 21 19/8
Central Bank New 87 87/8
Haydari Const. 20/12
Indian Cement (1937) 32

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 22 (Reuter)

Cotton opened irregular 17 to one point lower on liquidation of October contract before the first notice day and mild accumulation of weekend hedge offerings. Prices soon rallying on covering and buying influenced by the advance of grain markets and possibly anxiety over warnings of a new tropical storm. Increased wage demands among the southern mill workers helped the rally and fair gains were shown at noon for most positions. Business quietened in the early afternoon with light traders on either side of the market but a sharp reaction occurred at the closing stages when increased hedge operations found trade support indifferent. Otherwise there was nothing in the news to arouse interest or account for the sudden weakening. The market closed easy 22 to 5 lower. Sales were estimated at 175,000 bales.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: Little inspiration was derived from weekend developments and traders were reluctant to enlarge commitments as prices fluctuated narrowly in slow trading. Operators devoted most of their attention to the forthcoming food confidences of stopgap relief for Europe. Group trends were indecisive and losses were barely predominating at noon. The averages were Industrials 178.08 and rails 48.10. One of the dullest afternoon for weeks found traders cautious while digesting the sixteen nation's Paris report and awaiting Washington developments. Some quarters reason that since the market previously failed to decline on bad news, it is apparently preparing for a rise in anticipation of better news ahead. Although it is believed that any upturn is likely to be selective, there is no hint that recovery will be resumed immediately. Price changes remained fractionally mixed during final trading and the market closed irregular.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, Sept. 22: Grains were strong at the outset with maize advancing the eight cents daily permissible limit reflecting official predictions of frost and near freezing temperature in portions of the maize and oats belts. Commercial interests continue to buy wheat against further sales of cash-wheat to Government as well as against large domestic flour sales. All grains continued to meet heavy selling and liquidation on upturns. The C.C.C. Minneapolis office purchased 1,580,000 bushels cash-wheat late last week and was seeking additional quantities today. The agency's Chicago office reportedly purchased 500,000 bushels and the Kansas city office 1,500,000 late last week.

[illegible]

LONDON BULLION.

London, Sept. 22.

Silver Spot 42-7/8 d., Silver Forward 42-1/8 d. Gold £8/12/3.

Gold Prices To Shoot Up

Effect Of Sale Of South African Metal To Britain

LONDON, Sept. 23, (Reuter): Negotiations now are starting for extending South Africa's gold sale agreement to Britain, writes Sydney Campbell, Reuter's Financial Editor.

These would in themselves entail little if any, increase in the price of 172 shillings and 6 pence per ounce which Britain pays for South African gold. It was felt in London today. But it was thought that the gold price might rise sooner than had been expected.

Ideas in nigh British quarters as to when a major increase in the sterling price of gold may occur have changed. Until a few weeks ago, these quarters denied any such change "in the foreseeable future."

On August 20, when the inconvertibility of sterling was announced, they intimated that a higher gold price might come "in a couple of years". They then frankly admitted that, in a free foreign exchange, sterling would rapidly fall and the sterling price of gold would correspondingly rise, not because of lack of confidence in sterling but because of world dollar shortage. But they pointed out that there is no free foreign market in sterling, and that there will be none for some time.

These British quarters informally intimated that a higher gold price might come in "about six months". Previously the shortest forecast carrying any weight was that of Dr. De Kock, Governor of the South African Reserve Bank, who argued that, while an immediate gold price increase would merely aggravate world inflation, the prospective change to deflation might make the world want a higher gold price, as an anti-deflationary measure, about a year from now.

The initiative for that would be with the United States, if, in a United States slump, the United States preferred to cut the gold content in the dollar (thus raising the dollar price of gold) rather than cut prices and provoke unemployment.

Some London authorities have long been convinced that, in a slump, the United States would in fact do this—as she did in 1933. But a higher sterling price for gold, which would most interest South Africa and would have most bearing on goldmining profits in South Africa and other sterling countries, would not require American or world approval; it would require only Britain's.

Some British authorities felt today that it might come in appreciably less than the year which Dr. De Kock suggested.

South Africa's existing Gold Sale Agreement to Britain guaranteed a price adjustment to South Africa if either the dollar or sterling price of gold rises. It was taken for granted today. That any extension of the agreement would include this same clause.

Extension for two years or even indefinitely would thus not rule out a higher price for gold at any time. The agreement would provide for it in advance. Under the present agreement South Africa sells to the Bank of England, in each of the year 1946 and 1947, £80,000,000 of gold a year, which is the bulk of South Africa's production, at a price of 172 shillings and 6 pence per ounce.

In themselves, the negotiations for extending the agreement are little more than routine. The present agreement expired at the year end, and this happens to be a convenient time to negotiate its renewal, probably with only minor, if any, changes.

SOVIET TACTICS PROVE FUTILE

Korea Issue To Be Taken By U. N. O. General Assembly

LONDON, Sept. 23, (Reuter): A forecast that the General Assembly of the United Nations will endorse the view point of Mr. George Marshall the United States Secretary of State that the Korean peoples claim to independence ought not to be frustrated because of the inability of Russia and America to agree on the political ideas which can be applied in Korea, was made by the influential London "Times" today.

The paper suggested that there was a probability that Russia now regretted her refusal to confer with Britain, China, and the United States on the basis of the United States suggestion last August for Four-Power meeting to discuss Korea.

"It is satisfactory that the Steering Committee of the General Assembly has decided to include a consideration of Korean affairs in the agenda of the present session" the "Times" editorial said.

"The praiseworthy intentions underlying the agreements made at Yalta and Moscow have been lamentably thwarted by frictions between the American and Russian occupying authorities.

"The Americans do not forget that the real objective of the United Nations must be the establishment of a Korean State that shall be strong enough to stand alone.

U. S. AMBASSADOR TO PAKISTAN

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23, (Reuter): President Truman yesterday appointed Mr. Paul H. Alling, Chief of the State Department's division of Near Eastern affairs and recently adviser to the American delegation to the United Nations' General Assembly, to be the first United States Ambassador to Pakistan.

The appointment fulfils the pledge of the United States Government to exchange Ambassadors with Pakistan, made when it recognised the new state on August 15.

The Pakistan Ambassador to the United States, Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani, has already arrived here.

Asaf Ali And Wife Expected In New York On Wednesday

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22, (U.P.A.): Officials of the Indian Embassy today said that Ambassador Asaf Ali and wife are expected to arrive in New York on Wednesday.

Asaf Ali is returning to the U. S. to resume his post after a trip to India for consultations with the Indian Government.

The officials said that Asaf Ali would remain in New York for a couple of days for observing United Nations discussions before coming on to Washington.

Roy And Singh Attend Laguardia's Funeral

FLUSHING MEADOWS Sept. 22. (Reuter): Dr. B. C. Roy and Dr. Anup Singh members of the Indian delegation to the General Assembly, represented the dominion of India today at the funeral of New York's former Mayor Fiorello Laguardia.

Mrs. Vijayallakshmi Pandit, leader of the delegation, sent the following message of tribute, "In Fiorello Laguardia's death the world has lost a valiant champion of the rights of little and under privileged people. His work on behalf of all those who suffered will be his best memorial. India adds her tribute of sorrow to the memory of a great man."

CALCUTTA MAYOR RESIGNS

Serious Differences With Congress Municipal Councillors

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23, (A.P.I.): The Mayor of Calcutta Mr. Sudhir Chandra Ray Chaudhuri, has tendered his resignation both as Councillor and as Mayor of Calcutta.

In a letter to the Secretary of the Corporation Mr. Ray Chauduri says that he has taken this decision in consequence of serious differences between him and his colleagues in the Congress Municipal Association over certain vital matters which in his opinion are detrimental to the interests of the city. "I spared no pains to Improve the administration of the Corporation but th t is not to be" says the Mayor.

He has asked that the letter may be placed before the next meeting of the Corporation's Council for acceptance.

Mr. Ray Chaudhuri was elected in April as Mayor for the usual period of one year.

BRITISH PLANE MISSING IN ANTARCTIC

PORT STANLEY (Falkland Island), Sept. 23 (Reuter): A British Auster plane with three members of the Falkland Islands' Dependencies Survey on board was yesterday reported missing in the Antarctic.

The plane left the British base at Marguerita Bay, Grahams Land, on September 15 with ten days' rations to find a suitable depot for a proposed southern sledging journey.

The plane was piloted by Mr. W. H. Thomson; with him were Mr. B. Stonehouse, Meteorological Observer, and Mr. R. L. Freeman, Surveyor.

The plane was to land in the Cape Keeler area of the unmapped Grahams land peninsula and mark a landing for a heavier American machine which was to follow them.

When the American plane reached the agreed 'rendezvous' it saw no sign of the British plane which has not been heard of since.

Commander Finn Ronne, Commander of the American Expedition based on Marguerita Bay immediately placed all his resources, including planes at the disposal of the British expedition.

The weather had been bad with poor visibility since the plane disappeared.

A party with 30 days rations was flown to the Mobiloil Bay area on September 19 to conduct a ground search and keep the base informed of weather conditions so as to facilitate search by planes.

The British Leader of the expedition was optimistic that given good visibility the missing plane would be found.

A Colonial Office announcement in London earlier yesterday said it was considered highly probable that the missing Auster had landed in a different spot from the American plane and was awaiting an improvement in weather conditions for a return take off.

NO CIVIC ELECTIONS IN MADRAS THIS YEAR

MADRAS, Sept. 22, (A.P.I.): The elections to the Madras City Corporation are not to be held this year.

This decision, it is learnt, was taken by Government following the objections raised by the Council of the Corporation to holding any such election on the basis of the existing that they were defective and out of date.

The Government it is expected will decide shortly the steps to be taken in regard to the revision of the electoral rolls.

CHINA REVISES PUBLICATION LAWS

SHANGHAI, Sept. 22 (Reuter) Revised publications law reducing Chinese Government control over publications has been jointly drafted by four Chinese ministries and will soon be forwarded for approval to the highest executive department of the Chinese Government.

In a new ruling on foreign publications the revised law says: "foreign nationals may apply for the publication of a book or periodical on condition they observe all decrees. Foreigners whose country has discriminatory laws against Chinese nationals shall not enjoy this privilege."

The Ministries which reviewed the law were those of foreign affairs, the interior, justice and information.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 22, (Reuter): Large scale smuggling between Hong Kong and the Kwantung coast was indirectly robbing the Chinese Government of a "considerable amount" of foreign exchange Dr. Chang Kiang, Governor of the Central Bank of China, declared at Foochow today, the Chinese central news agency reported.

PAKISTAN APPEALS TO RED CROSS SOCIETIES

Asks Them To Extend All Possible Help In Men And Material

KARACHI, Sept. 22, (A. P. I.): Pakistan's Minister for Food, Agriculture and Health, Mr. Ghaznafar Ali Khan has made an appeal to the Red Cross Society, United Kingdom, London, and the Red Cross Society, Washington, asking them to extend all possible assistance in men and material to help alleviating the sufferings of the refugees.

Following is the full text of his appeal:

"The communal upheaval in the Punjab, in several Rajputana States and in many districts of western U. P. has given rise to a refugee problem of unprecedented magnitude. More than a million refugees have already come within the boundaries of the new state of Pakistan and it would seem that a similar number of more are on their way or seriously contemplating to start to seek shelter in Western Pakistan. Hundreds of thousands have come without any belongings. Many bear wounds.

Pakistan authorities are doing their best but the problem is colossal. There is shortage of drugs, vitamin food, clothings and essential medical equipment and personnel. To further aggravate the situation cholera has broken out in several districts of West Punjab, Bhawalpur State and adjoining areas and is extending further down towards Karachi. Anti-cholera vaccine is in very short supply and is urgently needed and so also medical help and relief.

The resources of social service organisations like Red Cross Societies and others are entirely inadequate for the need. As Minister of Health, Pakistan, Dominion, I appeal to your organisation to extend all possible assistance in men and material to help alleviating the sufferings of distressed humanity".

Madrasi Evacuees From Sind Get First Preference

MADRAS, Sept. 22, (API): Madrasis caught up in Sind are getting preference in the evacuation arrangements made for refugees.

A telegram to this effect has been received today by the Premier of Madras Mr. O. P. Ramaswamy Reddiar from Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President of the Sind Congress Committee.

Mr. Gidwani has also stated that a special steamer carrying Madrasis would be leaving Karachi on September 23.

Mr Gidwani's telegram was in reply to a query made by the Madras Premier in regard to complaints received by him that Madrasis were not getting facilities for leaving Sind.

Plane Crash In Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 22, (API): Leading aircraftman Bower was killed in plane crash which occurred near Pattabhiram, 20 miles from Madras, on Saturday last, it is now learnt.

Bower, aged 25 belonged to the R.A.F. unit stationed in Avadi.

Flight-Lieut. Willing who piloted the plane escaped with slight injuries.

While on a pleasure flight in a plane belonging to the Madras Flying Club, it is stated, the engine developed trouble and the pilot attempted to land. But while landing the plane crashed. Bower died while being removed to Saint Thomas Mount combined military hospital.

A verdict of death due to multiple injuries sustained in the plane crash was returned at the inquest held over the body of Bower.

LONDON, Sept. 23, (Reuter): Twenty five documents on atomic energy have been taken out of the top secret category and will be released by the British Government within the next few days, it was learned today.

Old Delhi As Capital Of East Punjab?

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Sept. 22.

I understand from very reliable authority that talks on high level regarding a new capital for East Punjab are going on between the Indian Dominion and East Punjab Governments. Premier Bharagva and Home Minister Bhagwan Singh's recent visit to Delhi was mainly connected with it. It is further learnt that the India Government has made a suggestion to the East Punjab Premier and Home Minister that of Old Delhi is selected as the new Capital, the Government of India will be in a better position to help the East Punjab Government. Both the Premier and Home Minister on their return to Jullunder discussed the proposal with their Cabinet colleagues and are soon returning to Delhi to convey the reaction of the East Punjab Government.

ALTERNATIVE PROPOSALS

It is understood that the East Punjab Government has made alternative proposals regarding selection of a new capital. It has set up a committee for selection of a site for a new capital with Shri Ramchandra, I.C.S., as its Chairman. The decision is expected to be announced within two weeks after which regular construction will begin.

TIGER BRAND PAPERS

"IMPERIAL"

WHITE BLOTTING

DEMY 32 lbs. 500's & UP

As. 11/8 PER lb

(CONTROLLED MILL RATE)

BENGAL PAPER MILL CO., LTD.

MANAGING AGENTS:

Balmer Lawrie & Co., Ltd

103, CLIVE STREET CALCUTTA

Agents: THE INDIAN PAPER SALES ASSOCIATION
Post Office Box No 916, BOMBAY

Govt. To Make Country Self-Sufficient In Food Supply

WILL PUSH THROUGH ANY SCHEME IRRESPECTIVE OF COST

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The first and foremost concern of the country on a self-sufficient basis in are determined to push through any will bring more land under the plough, for Works, Mines and Power this afternoon.

the Government of India is to place the matter of food supply and they scheme, irrespective of its cost, which declared Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister

Addressing the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce the Minister said that the Government were spending about 110 crores of rupees annually for import of cereals from abroad. This constituted a serious drain from the sterling balances. To bring about self-sufficiency in the matter of food grains, the Government had three major schemes before them—the Damodar Valley, the Mahanadi and Narbada and Tapti hydroelectric schemes —which would bring hitherto uncultivated lands in Berhampur, Surat and Broach under the plough. Mr. Gadgil modestly hoped that with foreign technical advice and aid these schemes could be completed within three years, when there would be no hut without electric lights and no village without a radio.

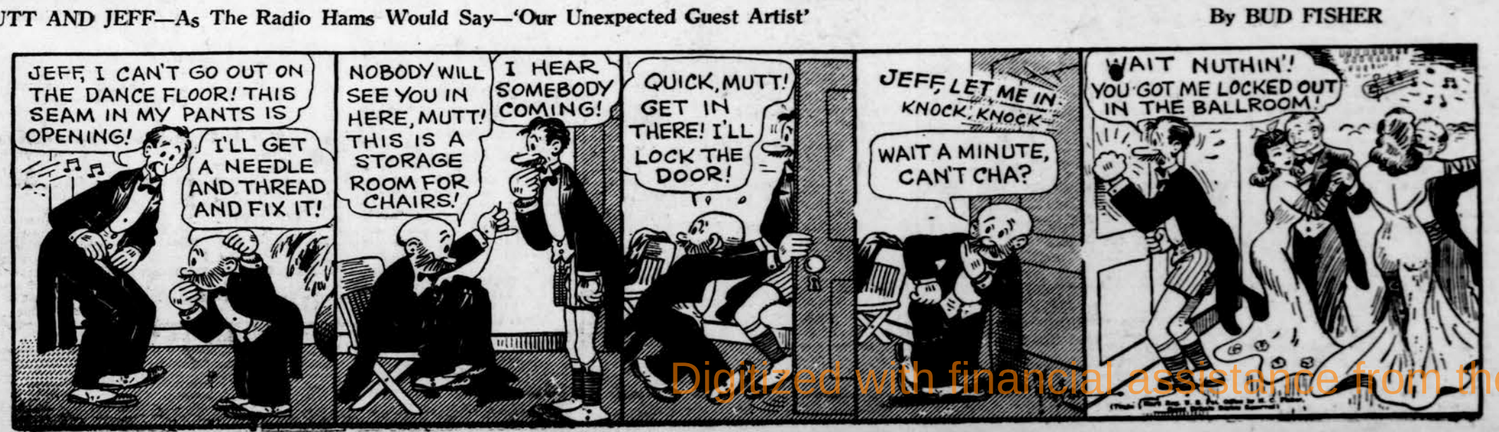
Mr. D. R. Naik, President of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, welcoming the Minister, drew his attention to the immediate needs of Maharashtra for its speedy industrial and economic development.

CHINESE NATIONAL ELECTIONS

BANGKOK, Sept. 23. (Reuter): Siam has rejected the Chinese request that arrangements be made here to facilitate the participation of local Chinese in the coming Chinese national elections, it was revealed here today.

The request was formally made last week, it was understood.

MUTT AND JEFF—As The Radio Hams Would Say—'Our Unexpected Guest Artist' By BUD FISHER


JEFF, I CAN'T GO OUT ON THE DANCE FLOOR! THIS SEAM IN MY PANTS IS OPENING!
I'LL GET A NEEDLE AND THREAD AND FIX IT!
NOBODY WILL SEE YOU IN HERE, MUTT! THIS IS A STORAGE ROOM FOR CHAIRS!
I HEAR SOMEBODY COMING!
QUICK, MUTT! GET IN THERE! I'LL LOCK THE DOOR!
JEFF, LET ME IN KNOCK, KNOCK
WAIT A MINUTE, CAN'T CHA?
WAIT NUTHIN'! YOU GOT ME LOCKED OUT IN THE BALLROOM!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted for engagement, educated handsome Hindu Widow above 25 years from respectable family for high class good looking Hindu Captain doing good business at Bombay caste no restriction. Apply Box No. 6986, "Bombay Chronicle".

An educated respectable Bombay Businessman with Rs. 500/- monthly income invites correspondence from educated girl under thirty. Dowry not required. No restriction to caste or creed. Correspondence treated in confidence. Please apply to Box No. 7040, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Christians, Anglo-Indians, Jews and Parsis as Senior and Junior Clerks. Preference will be given to retired pensioners. Apply Post Box No. 890, G.P.O. Bombay, stating previous experience, age and minimum salary required. 7048

Wanted Teacher for Matric, Maths, English and History in the morning shift. See immediately New Edu-School, Chawpatty, Bombay. 7049

Applications are invited for the post of a Lady Doctor for a residential appointment, full time, private practice not allowed. Minimum qualifications: M.B.B.S. with three years' experience. Please apply before 5th October, 1947 stating terms to: The Chief Medical Officer, Calico Mills Hospital, Ahmedabad. 5308

Wanted an experienced Judicial Officer for the post of District and Sessions Judge in an Indian State situated in the central part of the country. Apply with testimonials stating qualifications, experience, age and minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 5249, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted on Rs. 85/- per month with high commission, representative for packet and loose tea, for lucrative terms and samples. Apply sharp. D. T. S. Syndicate. 1 Shib Sankar Mullick Lane, Calcutta. 5207

SITUATION WANTED

A Honest Matric ex-Serviceman seeks position as Clerk in a European Firm. Salary 150 required. Box No. 7042, "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Available October, Large and Small Flats, also single and double rooms in city, suburbs. Call personally, Vispee Company, Balaram House, Charni Road, Tram Junction. 7031

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Punjab University permits private candidates at Matriculation Examination. Oral postal tuition Bombay Tutorial College, Opposite Jermahal, Dhobitalao, Bombay. 6979

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Stockists for selling our Pearl and Horn Buttons apply to: The Chitra Button Factory, Dacca (Bengal). 7002

Our Constituents, Agents and well-wishers will be glad to learn that with the new arrangement from the 15th August, The Bengal Apparatus Manufacturing Co. of 60-11, Gouri Bari Lane, Calcutta will be pleased to supply every kind of Ampouls, Vaccin Phial, Homeo Phials and Scientific Apparatus, etc., etc., at a very competitive rate all over India. Correspondence from Agents and others interested are invited. 5339

INVESTMENT

Opportunity to Investors—We deal in all kinds of Stocks and Shares. For particulars read our "Monthly Share Market Report." Specimen copy free on request. Please write to M/S Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate, Ltd., 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. (710)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Small Stock of brand new "Vick-ers" Domestic hand Sewing Machines available ex-stock. Machines are of sturdy British Manufacture and built to stand years of hard wear. Apply Mahindra & Mohammed Ltd., Gateway Building, Apollo Bunder, Bombay. 5345

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex stock, Refrigerators of all sizes A.C.|D.C. service guaranteed. Also Fluorescent Industrial and Domestic Lighting Fittings. Filament gasfilled imported lamps B.C & E.S caps from 15 to 1,000 watts any quantity delivered, Petrol oil Generating Sets A.C.|D.C., Time Switches. Insulated V.I.R. & C.T.S. cables, B.C. lampholders, etc. Apply immediately F. & C Osler (India) Ltd., Opp. Roxy Cinema Supplies are limited as no further imports are allowed 5036

Offers are invited till 25th Sep-tember for the disposal of 40 pieces of Brand New English Shaftings 3 1/2" dia. 18 feet long with Standard Keyways Apply Box No. 5195 'Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF VEHICLES AND ANIMALS

MUNICIPAL WHEEL TAX for the third quarter of the year 1947-48 (October to December) falls due on the 1ST OF OCTOBER, 1947. Owners of Motor vehicles are requested to pay the tax due, to the Ward Inspectors of the Assessment and Collection Department or to send the amount direct to the Assessor and Collector at the Municipal Head Office, Fort, Bombay. Their attention is invited to the provisions of Sections 188, 190 and 191 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

As the liability to pay wheel tax goes with the possession of the vehicle, intending purchasers of motor vehicles would do well to verify, BEFORE PURCHASE, WHETHER MUNICIPAL WHEEL TAX ON THE VEHICLES HAS BEEN PAID UP-TO-DATE.

The owners of HAND-CARTS and BULLOCK-CARTS, are likewise liable to pay the tax. They are requested to pay the tax to the authorities named above, and to obtain number plates in token of the payment.

J. F. BULSARA,
Dy. Municipal Commissioner.

Bombay, 24th September, 1947. 5341

THE HIRJEE MILLS LTD.

Fergusson Road, LOWER PAREL.

"OFFERS ARE INVITED till 25th September, 1947 for the disposal of the following unserviceable stores in sealed covers. (1) 1,000 Old Steam Pipes 3" dia; (2) 1,000 pieces Old Spindles and Bolsters; (3) 10 Tons Iron and Pipe Scrape; (4) 10 Tons Casting Scrape Light and Heavy; (5) Lot of Brand New Heavy casting such as Columns, brackets and Wall Boxes; (6) Cotton Healds old; (7) Broken Shuttles lot (Rate per cwt.); (8) Broken bobbins lot (Rate per cwt.). The unserviceable stores can be seen in the Hirjee Mills premises." 5238

NOTICE

ALL-INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 2nd October, 1947 to 23rd October, 1947 (both days inclusive).

By Order,
S. B. CARDMASTER,
General Manager.

Bombay, 23-9-1947. 5346

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE OF VEHICLES

APPROXIMATELY 800 vehicles of various makes such as Chevrolet, Ford, Studebaker, Bedford, Dodge, Humber, G.M.C., Crossley F.W.D., Austin, Karrier, Leyland, Morris, Albion Thornycraft and of various types such as 5 Ton, 3 Ton, 2½ Ton, 30 Cwts, 15 Cwts, and 8 Cwts Trucks, Water and Petrol Tankers, Ambulances, Flat Platform Trucks, Workshop Lorries, Breakdown Lorries, Tractors, Trailers and Chassis and Motor Cycles Solo and Combination of various makes such as Harley Davidson, Indian, Norton, Excelsior Folding, Autocycles etc. etc. will be sold by public auction at the 'B' VEHICLE DEPOT, DEHU ROAD, ON 6TH, 7TH, 8TH & 9TH OF OCTOBER, 1947, commencing at 10 A.M. daily.

AUCTIONEERS:—Messrs. Jaffer Jussuff, Government Auctioneers, Sir Ibrahim Jaffer Road, Poona.

Catalogues containing particulars of vehicles can be obtained from this Office or from the Auctioneers on payment of Re. 1/- per copy. ADMISSION TO THE VEHICLE PARK FOR THE INSPECTION OF VEHICLES AND ON THE DAYS OF AUCTION WILL BE RESTRICTED TO CATALOGUE HOLDERS ONLY.

Vehicles can be inspected at site one week before the date of auction.

Further particulars and terms of sale can be obtained from this office or from the Auctioneers.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER,
DISPOSALS,
Mercantile Chambers,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Phone No. 30041. 5333

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Medical Officer of Health for the Amalner Borough Municipality in the scale of pay of Rs. 200-15-245 E. B. 15-320 E.B. 20-400 with conveyance allowance of Rs. 20/- P.M. The appointment will be made with approval of the Commissioner C.D. Poona after previous consultation with the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay. A higher starting pay up to Rs. 245 P.M. will be given, if necessary. The incumbent will be confirmed on the above scale after the General revision of pay scales. The minimum qualifications required are as under:—

(i) M.B.B.S. of an Indian University with Junior Health Officer's Examination Certificate.
(ii) D.P.H. and Hygiene qualification of the Faculty of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene. Bengal.
(iii) I.P.H. Lucknow.

The selected candidate will have to come for interview at his own expenses. The application with details such as age, caste, qualifications, should reach the undersigned on or before 15th October, 1947.

(Sd.) K. N. DESHMUKH,
President.
Borough Municipality, Amalner.
Amalner (E.K.)
Date:—22/9/1947. 5335

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES,
Office of the Regional Disposals Commissioner,
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals) Bombay invites sealed Tenders for the purchase and removal of the following stores ex site:—

Description of Stores	Qty.	Condition.
Carbon H.C.D. Negative 16 m.m. dia Mk.1	40000.	Serviceable, New.
Carbon H.C.D. Positive 16 m.m. dia Mk.1	175000	—do—
Carbon Horizontal Arc positive 16 m.m. dia Mk. 1	20000	—do—
Carbon H.C.D. Negative, positive 16 Mk-II. 16mm. dia.	400000	—do—
Carbon Horizontal Arc H.C.D. Negative 16 m.m. dia. Mk-II	8000	—do—

LOCATION:—Central Ordnance Depot, Kandivili.
SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE No. RCS/80023/10/ECS.
LAST DUE DATE:—15-10-47.

Offers must be submitted in the Tender forms obtainable from this Office on payment of Rs. 5/- per set (which is not refundable) in double covers inner being sealed and superscribed with above Tender No. and due date.

Earnest Money (Refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 10% of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve Bank Imperial Bank of India or A Government Treasury under head of Accounts 'Revenue Deposits' in favour of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals) Bombay. Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury Bank receipt will be ignored.

CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability of the stores. Sales will be subject to the conditions of contract laid down in Form Con. 117.

Permits to inspect the stores at site can be obtained from respective Regional Commissioners. Offers should remain open for acceptance for 30 days from the date of offer. 5332

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

APPOINTMENT OF LABOUR OFFICER

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Labour Officer, Bombay Municipality on Rs. 500-25-750-50-1000 plus 120 Conveyance Allowance plus Temporary increase (20%) plus Dearness Allowance. The applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay or should have at the time of appointment a domicile in the Province of Bombay or in an Indian State lying within the geographical limits of the Province of Bombay and must be

(a) at least an Honours graduate of the Bombay University or any other recognised University with at least 5 years' experience of labour conditions. (The holding of a diploma of the Tata Institute of Social Science will be considered as an additional qualification).
(b) He who speaks Marathi, Gujarati and Hindi (Hindustani) fluently, would be preferred. But he must speak at least one of these languages fluently and should pass an examination in either of the other two languages within 18 months of his appointment.

The selected candidate will be amenable to Municipal Service Regulations and the revised leave regulations as at present in force or as may be amended from time to time hereafter as regards pay, allowances, leave, etc., and will be entitled to the benefits of the Provident Fund under the Municipal Provident Fund Regulations in force from time to time.

He will be appointed on 18 months' probation in the first instance. Thereafter the appointment will be made on a 5 years' contract basis on approved service, subject to the production of a physical fitness certificate from the Municipal Medical Examiner. The appointment may be renewed from time to time on his services being found satisfactory.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications and experience, and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be made on a prescribed form to be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on payment of annas 8 so as to reach him on or before 20th October, 1947. The application should be sent in a registered envelope superscribed 'Application for the post of Labour Officer'.

Persons in Municipal Service are eligible to apply. Persons in Government or other employ should submit their applications through their respective Superiors. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY. 5301

SULPHATHIAZOLE

PATENT

MAY & BAKER LTD., are the owners of Indian Patents Nos 26513 and 26850 and Ciba Ltd. are the owners of Indian Patent No. 27825 all relating to the preparation of the drug known as "Sulphathiazole" and NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that immediate action will be taken against any persons, firms or Companies selling or importing the drug "Sulphathiazole" in any form in or into India in infringement of such patent rights

CIBA (India) LTD.
MAY & BAKER (India) LTD. 4829

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchases of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd., Nos. 2 and 3 Mills and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 26th September, 1947, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 5327

THE EAST INDIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LIMITED

NOTICE

ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the members of the Chamber that an Ordinary Annual General Meeting of this Association will be held at the Office of the Chamber, on MONDAY, the 20th October, 1947, at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt and pass the Thirteenth Annual Report and also Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending on 30th June, 1947 of the East India Chamber of Commerce Ltd.
2. To elect 17 members of the Board of Directors for the year 1947-48.
3. To elect twelve members of the Arbitration Committee for the year 1947-48.
4. To appoint Auditors for the purpose of auditing the Accounts of the Association and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
HARILAL MANMOHANDAS PAREKH,
Hon. Secretary.

Patwa Chawl,
Sheikh Memon Street,
Bombay 2.
Dated, 20-9-47.

N.B.—Usual nominations for the Directorships stated above to be forwarded to the Office of the Chamber from 6-10-47 to 13-10-47. 5337

G. I. P. RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghats, Lonavla, invites tender for Construction of Sewage disposal work and water flushed latrines at Swaraj Nagar Colony, Lonavla, upto 15-30 hours on 6th October, 1947.

2. The form of tender Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans of the work will also be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 10/- per set. These sums will not be refunded.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Bhore & Thull Ghats,
G. I. P. Rly., Lonavla. 5295

KAPILRAM LIMITED

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of Section 208E of the Companies Act 1913 that a General Meeting of the Members of the abovenamed Company will be held at Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Bombay, on the 7th day of November, 1947, at 1-30 p.m. for the purpose of having an account laid before them and to receive the Liquidators' Report showing how the winding up of the Company has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books of accounts and documents of the Company and of the Liquidators thereof shall be disposed of.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1947.

(Sd.) MADANLAL H. VAKIL,
(Sd.) M. B. GADEKAR
Liquidators. 5340

THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD., BOMBAY

ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above company will be CLOSED from the 6TH OCTOBER, 1947 TO 15TH OCTOBER, 1947, (both days inclusive) on account of issue of New Preference Shares to the members only.

JUGATRAM & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 21-9-1947. 5334

SALE NOTICE OF GUJARAT FOUNDRY.

NOTICE IS GIVEN that Messrs. RATANSHAW MUNCHERJI TALATI and MANILAL VADILAL MODY have agreed to sell to our client, THE GUJARAT FOUNDRY together with Copula, 5 Horse Power Electric Motor, Moulding boxes, sand and accessories, electric meter license and assets, situate at Foras Road, Bombay, on the land, belonging to the Trustees of Casamali Jerajbhai Trust, bearing Ward D No. 4690 (1), Street No. 41 (D). Any person making claim of any sort against the said Gujarat Foundry is requested to notify the same to us forthwith.

Dated this 23rd day of September, 1947.

VACHHA & CO.
Purchasers' Attorneys.
Yusuf Building,
Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. 5344

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS in B-2 (item rate) Form are invited for the work of constructing Buildings for the Primary Training College for Men, Panvel (District Kolaba), estimated to cost Rs. 4,17, 368 approximately and will be received by the Executive Engineer, Building Projects Division (No. 1), Poona, in his Office upto 3 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 15th October, 1947 and will be opened on the same day. Rs. 4,174 as earnest money should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India or nearest Government Treasury and the receipted chalan attached to the tender which should also be accompanied by a solvency certificate or Banker's certificate of his financial stability without which the tender shall not be considered.

2. Blank tender forms can be obtained on payment of Rs. 12 per copy from the abovenamed Office, during Office hours on all working days upto Monday, the 13th October, 1947.

3. The contractor shall quote the rates in words and figures. The rates and amounts for each item should be worked out and the requisite total given at the end. No alteration in the form of the tender or in the Schedule of Quantities and no addition in the shape of Special Stipulation shall be permitted.

4. Tenders which do not fulfil any of the above conditions or those in the printed tender and are incomplete in any respect, will be rejected.

5. Acceptance of the tender will rest with the Chief Engineer, P.W.D., who reserves the right of rejecting any or all tenders without assigning any reasons.

(Sd.) L. W. KALE,
Executive Engineer,
Building Projects Division (No. 1).
20th September, 1947.
Central Offices, Poona 1. 5336

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF SINGER AND ADLER SEWING MACHINES, READYMADE NEW CLOTHES, FURNITURE, ETC.

Under instructions from the Provisional Liquidator of the Associated Banking Corporation of India Ltd. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Stylish Wear Company, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will TODAY WEDNESDAY, 24th September, 1947, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the Bank premises at Luxmi Building, Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

A large lot of Singer and Adler Sewing machines, large lots of readymade new boys', girls' and ladies' gowns, gents' shirts, large lot of white suits, Bush shirts, and children's clothes, iron racks, Godrej steel cupboards, wooden cupboards, tailors' tables, writing desks, cloth, brushes, electric motors shafts, white ant solutions, etc. in one lot or in separate lots.

Also on account and at the risk of Central India Footwear Company: 18 cases ladies and children's shoes, champals (Sandals).

N.B. The readymade clothes dealers are requested to produce their licences at the time of sale.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit, no cheques will be accepted.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT FERGUSSON ROAD, PAREL.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M/s. Mahimtura & Co., Attorneys for Mr. Abdul Kader Hasanally Khambhati and Safiyabu Abdul Teyab Khambhati, sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 29th Inst. at 4 P.M. the undermentioned immovable property on premises.

All that piece of leasehold land with dwelling house at South side of Fergusson Road, admeasuring about 17627/9 Sq. Yds. bearing New No. A/12358, A/11987, 12311, New Survey No. 2809, 2768 and 1/2766, G Ward No. 2220 (1) Street No. 321, 323-325 to 325 B., C.S. No. No. 1/71 of Lower Parel Division.

For further particulars apply to M/s. Mahimtura & Co., Solicitors, 66 Tamarind Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF Large lots of U/s Furniture including Almirahs, chairs, tables, wash hand basins, Durries, desks, stools, blackboards, canvas folding ice boxes, etc. at M.E.S. Sub Depot, Versova 24 miles away from Andheri Station, on Saturday, 27th Inst. at 11 A.M. (S.T.) under instructions from The C.R.E Bombay.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

BHAVNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

SALE OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP MATERIALS.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of our Workshops and Engineering Iron and Steel Scrap Materials, during one year, commencing from 1st November, 1947, as and when accumulated.

Notice inviting tenders with particulars of articles, etc., can be had from this Office, free on application.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned on THURSDAY, the 16th October, 1947, upto 4 p.m. with an Earnest Money of Rs. 200/- in cash.

K. P. SINOR,
Superintendent of Stores,
Bhavnagar State Railway.

Bhavnagar Para,
Office of the Supdt. of Stores,
Dated 9th September, 1947. 5331

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS

MEMBERS of the Special Jury, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court on 2nd floor, Room No. 46 on WEDNESDAY, the 24th September, 1947, at 10-45 a. m. (S.T.)

(Mrs.) MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 23rd September, 1947. 5343

B. B. & C. I. AND G. I. P. RAILWAYS

TRAINS TO DELHI

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, only one train i.e., G.I.P. Punjab Mail will run from Bombay to Delhi.

B.B. & C.I. Frontier Mail will run as far as Muttra only, but one 1st and 2nd class carriage, and one postal van with limited accommodation for inter-class passengers will, on arrival at Muttra, be attached to G.I.P. Punjab Mail, and then proceed to Delhi.

Similar arrangements will be in force for the journey from Delhi to Bombay. 5342

IN BRUSSELS...
2·48 am
IN BOMBAY...
8·18 am
(by your 'West End' Watch!)
A distance of several thousand miles puts Bombay five-and-a-half hours fast of Brussels.
Different places have different times, but one thing that never varies is the reliability of the 'West End' watch. Fine craftsmanship gives each model a high degree of precision, combined with handsome appearance and strength.
Supplies are still inadequate but we are striving our utmost to meet demands as far as stocks permit.
The CRYSTAL SECUNDUS 'C' Nickel Silver Rs. 80.
West End WATCH CO.
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA

Immediate Bookings

NEW YORK

Direct from Bombay

Fly by TWA to the MIDDLE EAST, EUROPE and AMERICA. With our increased services we are now able to offer *immediate bookings*. Our crews will take a lively interest in your well-being and will make, what might have been a long and tiring journey into a short and pleasant experience. For full information contact our general agents in India, AIR INDIA LIMITED — The Tata Line, or any authorised travel agency.

TWA
TRANS WORLD AIRLINE
(Incorporated with Limited Liability in the U. S. of America)

FOOT ROT (ATHLETE'S FOOT) AND OTHER FOOT TROUBLES
Relieved Overnight

Amazing New Remedy Ends IRRITATING PAINFUL FEET PEELING SKIN AND CRACKS BETWEEN TOES

If your feet irritate, are sore and painful look between the toes. That's where FOOT-ROT starts. First it causes tiny blisters, then peeling skin and irritating, painful cracks. Treat this infectious complaint at once with AERO-PED, the new lasting remedy containing P.M.N. AERO-PED acts quickly in three ways to give you lasting foot health and comfort. (1) Kills the germs and fungi which cause FOOT ROT (Tinea Pedis). (2) Stops irritation and pain at once. (3) Heals cracks between toes and checks excessive perspiration. Used and recommended by leading Foot Specialists.

If your dealer is out of stock, send for a jar (Rs. a/c VPP) to:

New! AERO-PED P.M.N. Powder in handy sprinkler tin. Amazingly effective for Athlete's Foot sufferers whose feet perspire excessively. Stops irritation, heals sores, soothes tenderness, keeps footwear infection free.

AERO-PED
FOR FOOT INFECTIONS

Distributors: Thos. Cook & Son Ltd., Department D, 252 P.O. Box 291, Hornby Rd. Bombay

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.